

Preventive Maintenance

Water Coil Maintenance - (Direct ground water applications only) If the system is installed in an area with a known high mineral content (125 P.P.M. or greater) in the water, it is best to establish a periodic maintenance schedule with the owner so the coil can be checked regularly. Consult the well water applications section of this manual for a more detailed water coil material selection. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures, which are compatible with the heat exchanger material and copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit, the less chance for scaling. Therefore, 1.5 gpm per ton [1.6 l/m per kW] is recommended as a minimum flow. Minimum flow rate for entering water temperatures below 50°F [10°C] is 2.0 gpm per ton [2.2 l/m per kW].

Water Coil Maintenance - (All other water loop applications) Generally water coil maintenance is not needed for closed loop systems. However, if the piping is known to have high dirt or debris content, it is best to establish a periodic maintenance schedule with the owner so the water coil can be checked regularly. Dirty installations are typically the result of deterioration of iron or galvanized piping or components in the system. Open cooling towers requiring heavy chemical treatment and mineral buildup through water use can also contribute to higher maintenance. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures, which are compatible with both the heat exchanger material and copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit, the less chance for scaling. However, flow rates over 3 gpm per ton (3.9 l/m per kW) can produce water (or debris) velocities that can erode the heat exchanger wall and ultimately produce leaks.

Filters - Filters must be clean to obtain maximum performance. Filters should be inspected every month under normal operating conditions and be replaced when necessary. Units should never be operated without a filter.

Washable, high efficiency, electrostatic filters, when dirty, can exhibit a very high pressure drop for the fan motor and reduce air flow, resulting in poor performance. It is especially important to provide consistent washing of these filters (in the opposite direction of the normal air flow) once per month using a high pressure wash similar to those found at self-serve car washes.

Condensate Drain - In areas where airborne bacteria may produce a "slimy" substance in the drain pan, it may be necessary to treat the drain pan chemically with an algaecide approximately every three months to minimize the problem. The condensate pan may also need to be cleaned periodically to ensure indoor air quality. The condensate drain can pick up lint and dirt, especially with dirty filters. Inspect the drain twice a year to avoid the possibility of plugging and eventual overflow.

Compressor - Conduct annual amperage checks to ensure that amp draw is no more than 10% greater than indicated on the serial plate data.

Fan Motors - All units have lubricated fan motors. Fan motors should never be lubricated unless obvious, dry operation is suspected. Periodic maintenance oiling is not recommended, as it will result in dirt accumulating in the excess oil and cause eventual motor failure. Conduct annual dry operation check and amperage check to ensure amp draw is no more than 10% greater than indicated on serial plate data.

Air Coil - The air coil must be cleaned to obtain maximum performance. Check once a year under normal operating conditions and, if dirty, brush or vacuum clean. Care must be taken not to damage the aluminum fins while cleaning. CAUTION: Fin edges are sharp.

Cabinet - Do not allow water to stay in contact with the cabinet for long periods of time to prevent corrosion of the cabinet sheet metal. Generally, vertical cabinets are set up from the floor a few inches [7 - 8 cm] to prevent water from entering the cabinet. The cabinet can be cleaned using a mild detergent.

Refrigerant System - To maintain sealed circuit integrity, do not install service gauges unless unit operation appears abnormal. Reference the operating charts for pressures and temperatures. Verify that air and water flow rates are at proper levels before servicing the refrigerant circuit.



Functional Troubleshooting

Fault	Htg	Clg	Possible Cause	Solution
				Check line voltage circuit breaker and disconnect.
				Check for line voltage between L1 and L2 on the contactor.
Main power problems	X	Х	Green Status LED Off	Check for 24VAC between R and C on CXM/DXM'
				Check primary/secondary voltage on transformer.
				Check pump operation or valve operation/setting.
		Х	Reduced or no water flow in cooling	Check water flow adjust to proper flow rate.
		х	Water Temperature out of range in cooling	, , ,
	-	^	water remperature out or range in cooling	Bring water temp within design parameters.
HP Fault				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
Code 2	х		Reduced or no air flow in heating	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
				Dirty Air Coil- construction dust etc.
High Pressure				Too high of external static. Check static vs blower table.
	Х		Air temperature out of range in heating	Bring return air temp within design parameters.
	X	Х	Overcharged with refrigerant	Check superheat/subcooling vs typical operating condition table.
	Х	Х	Bad HP Switch	Check switch continuity and operation. Replace.
LP/LOC Fault	Х	Х	Insufficient charge	Check for refrigerant leaks
Code 3				
	Х		Compressor pump down at start-up	Check charge and start-up water flow.
Low Pressure / Loss of Charge			The property of the property o	
				Check pump operation or water valve operation/setting.
	х		Reduced or no water flow in heating	Plugged strainer or filter. Clean or replace
LT1 Fault	^		reduced of no water now in heating	
Code 4	- V		Leader-to-effect lead	Check water flow adjust to proper flow rate.
	Х		Inadequate antifreeze level	Check antifreeze density with hydrometer.
Water coil low	х		Improper temperature limit setting (30°F vs	Clip JW3 jumper for antifreeze (10°F [-12°C]) use.
temperature limit			10°F [-1°C vs -2°C])	<u> </u>
	Х		Water Temperature out of range	Bring water temp within design parameters.
	Х	Х	Bad thermistor	Check temp and impedance correlation per chart
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
LT2 Fault		х	Reduced or no air flow in cooling	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
Code 5		^		Too high of external static. Check static vs blower table.
Joue 3		Х	Air Tomporature out of range	11 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Air coil low		×	Air Temperature out of range	Too much cold vent air? Bring entering air temp within design parameters.
temperature limit		Х	Improper temperature limit setting (30°F vs	Normal airside applications will require 30°F [-1°C] only.
temperature iimit			10°F [-1°C vs -12°C])	
	X	Х	Bad thermistor	Check temp and impedance correlation per chart.
	Х	Х	Blocked drain	Check for blockage and clean drain.
	X	Х	Improper trap	Check trap dimensions and location ahead of vent.
				Check for piping slope away from unit.
Condensate Fault		Х	Poor drainage	Check slope of unit toward outlet.
Code 6				Poor venting. Check vent location.
		х	Moisture on sensor	Check for moisture shorting to air coil.
	Х	X		
		_	Plugged air filter	Replace air filter.
	Х	Х	Restricted Return Air Flow	Find and eliminate restriction. Increase return duct and/or grille size.
				Check power supply and 24VAC voltage before and during operation.
Over/Under	х	х	Under Voltage	Check power supply wire size.
Voltage Code 7			oner renege	Check compressor starting. Need hard start kit?
				Check 24VAC and unit transformer tap for correct power supply voltage.
(Auto resetting)	v	v	Over Maltana	Check power supply voltage and 24VAC before and during operation.
	Х	Х	Over Voltage	Check 24VAC and unit transformer tap for correct power supply voltage.
	Х		Heating mode LT2>125°F [52°C]	Check for poor air flow or overcharged unit.
Unit Performance Sentinel			Cooling Mode LT1>125°F [52°C] OR LT2<	i i
Code 8		Х	40°F [4°C])	Check for poor water flow, or air flow.
O				
Swapped Thermistor	х	х	LT1 and LT2 swapped	Reverse position of thermistors
Code 9	- 1		I reco	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Х	Х	No compressor operation	See "Only Fan Operates".
No Fault Code Shown				
No Fault Code Shown	Х	Х	Compressor overload	Check and replace if necessary.
No Fault Code Shown	X	X	Compressor overload Control board	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation.
No Fault Code Shown	X X	X X X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter.
No Fault Code Shown Unit Short Cycles	X X X	X X X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode"	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit.
	X X X X	X X X X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space.
	X X X X X	X X X X X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode"	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary
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Unit Short Cycles	X X X X X X	X X X X X X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation.
	X X X X X X X X	x x x x x x x x x	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary.
Unit Short Cycles	X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power.
Unit Short Cycles	X X X X X X X X	x x x x x x x x x	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode.
Unit Short Cycles	X	x x x x x x x x x x x	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation
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Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts.
Unit Short Cycles	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present).
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Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs	X	X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor Thermostat wiring Reversing valve	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode Set for cooling demand and check 24VAC on RV coil and at CXM/DXM board. If RV is stuck, run high pressure up by reducing water flow and while operating engage and disengage RV coil voltage to push valve.
Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs Only Compressor Runs	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor Thermostat wiring Reversing valve Thermostat setup	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode Set for cooling demand and check 24VAC on RV coil and at CXM/DXM board. If RV is stuck, run high pressure up by reducing water flow and while operating engage and disengage RV coil voltage to push valve. Check for 'O' RV setup not 'B'.
Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs Only Compressor Runs Unit Doesn't Operate	X	X	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor Thermostat wiring Reversing valve	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode Set for cooling demand and check 24VAC on RV coil and at CXM/DXM board. If RV is stuck, run high pressure up by reducing water flow and while operating engage and disengage RV coil voltage to push valve.
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Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs Only Compressor Runs Unit Doesn't Operate	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor Thermostat wiring Reversing valve Thermostat setup	Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode Set for cooling demand and check 24VAC on RV coil and at CXM/DXM board. If RV is stuck, run high pressure up by reducing water flow and while operating engage and disengage RV coil voltage to push valve. Check for 'O' RV setup not 'B'. Check O wiring at heat pump. Jumper O and R for RV coil 'click'. Put thermostat in cooling mode. Check 24 VAC on O (check between C and



Performance Troubleshooting

Performance Troubleshooting	Htg	Clg	Possible Cause	Solution
Insufficient capacity/ Not cooling or heating	Х	х	Dirty filter	Replace or clean.
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
	х		Reduced or no air flow in heating	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
		х	Reduced or no air flow in cooling	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
	х	х	Leaky duct work	Check supply and return air temperatures at the unit and at distant duct registers if significantly different, duct leaks are present.
	х	х	Low refrigerant charge	Check superheat and subcooling per chart.
	Х	Х	Restricted metering device	Check superheat and subcooling per chart. Replace.
		Х	Defective reversing valve	Perform RV touch test.
	Х	Х	Thermostat improperly located	Check location and for air drafts behind stat.
	х	х	Unit undersized	Recheck loads & sizing. Check sensible clg. load and heat pump capacity.
	Х	Х	Scaling in water heat exchanger	Perform scaling check and clean if necessary.
	Х	Х	Inlet water too hot or too cold	Check load, loop sizing, loop backfill, ground moisture.
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
	х		Reduced or no air flow in heating	Check fan motor operation and air flow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
		, ,	Deduced as a sustantial flowing and in	Check pump operation or valve operation/setting.
		X	Reduced or no water flow in cooling	Check water flow. Adjust to proper flow rate.
High Head Pressure		х	Inlet water too hot	Check load, loop sizing, loop backfill, ground moisture.
	Х		Air temperature out of range in heating	Bring return air temperature within design parameters.
		Х	Scaling in water heat exchanger	Perform scaling check and clean if necessary.
	Х	Х	Unit overcharged	Check superheat and subcooling. Re-weigh in charge.
	Х	Х	Non-condensables in system	Vacuum system and re-weigh in charge.
	Х	Х	Restricted metering device.	Check superheat and subcooling per chart. Replace.
				Check pump operation or water valve operation/setting.
	x		Reduced water flow in heating.	Plugged strainer or filter. Clean or replace.
				Check water flow. Adjust to proper flow rate.
			Water temperature out of range.	Bring water temperature within design parameters.
Low Suction Pressure				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
		Х	Reduced air flow in cooling.	Check fan motor operation and air flow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
		Х	Air temperature out of range	Too much cold vent air? Bring entering air temperature within design parameters.
	Х	Х	Insufficient charge	Check for refrigerant leaks.
Low Discharge Air Temperature	Х		Too high of air flow	Check fan motor speed selection and air flow chart.
in Heating	Х		Poor performance	See 'Insufficient Capacity'
Hink komidiko		Х	Too high of air flow	Check fan motor speed selection and airflow chart.
High humidity		Х	Unit oversized	Recheck loads & sizing. Check sensible clg load and heat pump capacity.



Start-Up Log Sheet

Installer: Complete unit and system checkout and follow unit start-up procedures in the IOM. Use this form to record unit information, temperatures and pressures during start-up. Keep this form for future reference.

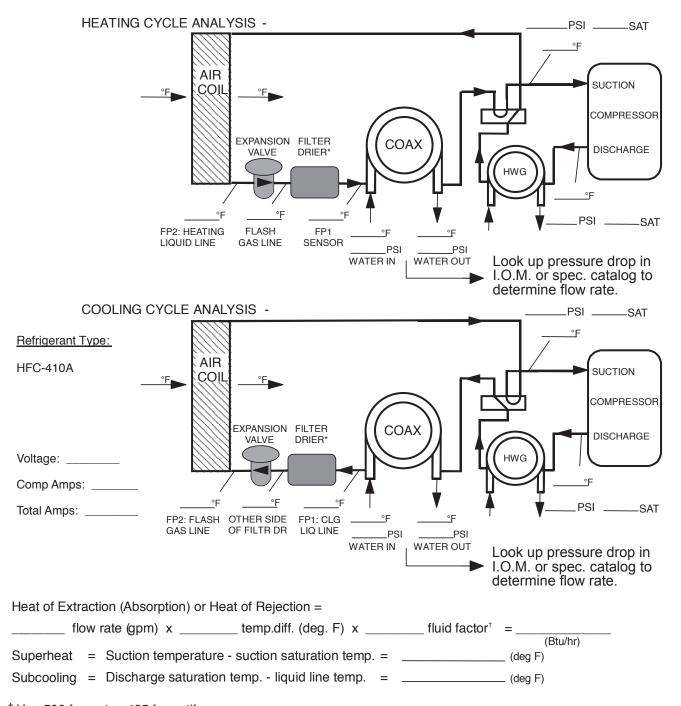
Job Name:		Street Address:					
Model Number:		Serial Number:					
Unit Location in Building:							
Date:	e:Sales Order No:						
In order to minimize troubleshooting the system is put into full operation.	and costly system fa	ilures, complete the	e following checks and data e	ntries before			
Fan Motor: Speed Tap (PSC)							
Temperatures: F or C		Antifreeze	:%				
Pressures: PSIG or kPa	Type:						
	Cooling Mod	e	Heating Mode				
Entering Fluid Temperature							
Leaving Fluid Temperature							
Temperature Differential							
Return-Air Temperature	DB	WB		DB			
Supply-Air Temperature	DB	WB		DB			
Temperature Differential							
Water Coil Heat Exchanger (Water Pressure IN)							
Water Coil Heat Exchanger (Water Pressure OUT)							
Pressure Differential							
Water Flow GPM							
Compressor		'					
Amps							
Volts							
Discharge Line Temperature							
Motor		,					
Amps							
Volts							

Allow unit to run 15 minutes in each mode before taking data.

Note: Never connect refrigerant gauges during startup procedures. Conduct water-side analysis using P/T ports to determine water flow and temperature difference. If water-side analysis shows poor performance, refrigerant troubleshooting may be required. Connect refrigerant gauges as a last resort.



Functional Troubleshooting



[†] Use 500 for water, 485 for antifreeze.

Note: Never connect refrigerant gauges during startup procedures. Conduct water-side analysis using P/T ports to determine water flow and temperature difference. If water-side analysis shows poor performance, refrigerant troubleshooting may be required. Connect refrigerant gauges as a last resort.



Revision History

Date:	Item:	Action:
02/06/15	Page 3	Changed E-Coated to Tin-Plated
01/21/15	All	Added ECM Information
06/16/14	Pages 8, 11 & 19	Change Text - Filter "rack" to "frame"
05/29/14	Physical Data Table	Removed Fan Motor (hp)
05/12/14	Physical Data Table and Water Quality Table	Updated Ref. Charge on 024 and Unit Maximum Working Water Pressure; Updated Water Quality Table
10/07/13	Figure 10a: Vertical Condensate Drain	Updated
02/04/13	Electrical Table	Miscellaneous Edits
	POE Oil Warning	Added
11/09/12	Water Quality Table	
	Condensate Drain Connection	
01/23/12	HBV041	Added
08/09/11	Unit Maximum Working Water Pressure	Updated to Reflect New Safeties
08/01/11	First Published	

Due to ongoing product improvements, specifications and dimensions are subject to change and correction without notice or incurring obligations. Determining the application and suitability for use of any product is the responsibility of the installer. Additionally, the installer is responsible for verifying dimensional data on the actual product prior to beginning any installation preparations.

Incentive and rebate programs have precise requirements as to product performance and certification. All products meet applicable regulations in effect on date of manufacture; however, certifications are not necessarily granted for the life of a product.

Therefore, it is the responsibility of the applicant to determine whether a specific model qualifies for these incentive/rebate programs.



1900 Wellworth Ave. • Jackson, MI 49203 517.787.2100 • www.marsdelivers.com • www.heatcontroller.com