Image: constrained state



Inlet Connections: 1" NPT Outlet Connection: 1-1/4" NPT Temperature Range: 90–120°F Maximum Pressure: 125 PSIG Inlet Temperature Hot: 120–180°F Inlet Temperature Cold: 39–80°F Minimum Temperature Differential (between hot supply & valve set point): 20°F

Installation

S59-3080

Thermostatic High-Low Mixing Valve (HL80) with Optional Cabinet

S59-3080RE (with Recess-Mounted Enamel Cabinet)

S59-3080RS (with Recess-Mounted Stainless Steel Cabinet)

S59-3080SE (with Surface-Mounted Enamel Cabinet)

S59-3080SS (with Surface-Mounted Stainless Steel Cabinet)

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Read the instructions in this manual before beginning installation. Save these instructions and refer to them for inspection, maintenance and troubleshooting information.

For questions regarding the operation, installation or maintenance of this product, visit bradleycorp.com or call 800.BRADLEY (800.272.3539).

Product warranties and parts information may also be found under "Resources" on our website at bradleycorp.com.

215-1295 Rev. S: ECO 20-09-011 © 2020 Bradley Page 1 of 8 8/25/2020 P.O. Box 309 Menomonee Falls, WI 53052 USA 800 BRADLEY (800 272 3539) +1 262 251 6000 bradleycorp.com



Safety Information

To ensure proper operation:

Installation

Failure to comply with proper installation and maintenance instructions could contribute to a valve failure resulting in severe bodily injury including scalding, chilling and/or death depending upon system water pressure changes and/or supply water temperature changes.

Use this thermostatic mixing valve in accordance with ASSE standard 1017.

When installed in accordance with ASSE standard 1017, the valve is designed to be installed at or near the boiler or water heater. When installed as an ASSE 1017 valve, the valve does not function as an ASSE 1016, ASSE 1069 or ASSE 1070 valve.

This valve should not be used where ASSE standard 1016 devices are required.

This valve does not provide protection from pipe freezing.

Installation of this system must be completed by a qualified plumber in compliance with all national and local codes. Compliance and conformity to local codes and ordinances is the responsibility of the installer. Should these codes differ from the information in the manual, follow the local codes. Inquire with governing authorities for additional local requirements.

Inspection

Regular checking and cleaning of the valve's internal components and check stops is necessary for maximum life and proper product function. Periodic inspection and yearly maintenance by a licensed contractor is required. Corrosive water conditions and/or unauthorized adjustments or repairs could render the valve ineffective for it's intended service. Frequency of cleaning and inspection depends upon local water conditions.

Output temperature of the valve must be checked and adjusted at initial installation and on a quarterly basis.

Water Temperature

Final temperature adjustment is the responsibility of the installer.

Supplies Recommended for Installation

- · Lockable shut-off on the outlet if tempered water is supplied to one or more remote fixtures
- · Lockable shut-off on the inlets/supplies
- (6) 3/8" wall anchors and fasteners for surface-mounted cabinet
- (4) 1/4" and (2) 3/8" fasteners (and wall anchors, if necessary) for recess-mounted cabinet
- · Unions on all connections to facilitate removal of valve

Tools Required for Temperature Adjustment

- 5/32" Allen wrench
- Blade screwdriver

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Install Optional Cabinet (If not installing cabinet, skip to Step 2)

Recessed Cabinet:

- 1. Rough-in wall opening 24-1/2" W x 28-1/2".
- Insert the cabinet and secure to wall with four 1/4" fasteners properly anchored (supplied by installer.)
- 3. Install two 3/8" anchors and screws through the valve bracket in back of the cabinet into a secure brace (supplied by installer) or into wall. This will support the valve.
- 4. Install the valve nipples and one-half of the union ball valve using pipe sealant or teflon tape. Install the other half of the union ball valve onto inlet and outlet pipe.
- 5. Insert the valve into the bracket in the cabinet (right side goes in first). Continue with the valve installation procedure.
- 6. Position the wall flange tight to the wall and caulk in place.

Surface-Mounted Cabinet:

- 1. Measure and mark the cabinet mounting hole locations at the dimensions shown on next page. Install six 3/8" wall anchors (supplied by installer).
- 2. Position the cabinet onto the wall and secure into place with six 3/8" wall fasteners (supplied by installer).
- 3. Install the valve nipples and one-half of the union ball valve using pipe sealant or teflon tape. Then install the other half of the union ball valve onto the inlet and outlet piping.
- Insert the valve into the bracket in the cabinet (right side of the valve goes in first). Continue with the valve installation procedure.





Optional Water Recirculation Setup



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Recirculating the water in the system provides constant regulation of the water temperature. Flush the supply lines thoroughly after completing installation. Close off all fixtures and label them as not available for use during the recirculating process.



- 1. Turn off the recirculating pump and turn on the water supply (a water flow rate of 10-15 GPM is required).
- 2. Let the water run through the system until a consistent temperature is obtained. If you do not obtain the required temperature, refer to step #3 on previous page for temperature readjustment.
- 3. As soon as the water reaches the proper temperature, turn on the recirculating pump (make certain the proper system temperature has been achieved before proceeding).
- 4. Check the water temperature at the return pump. If the temperature exceeds the appropriate level by 2°F, adjust the temperature high-limit switch (this will turn off the pump). Wait until the return water temperature is 5°F below the appropriate level and adjust the low-limit switch (this will turn the pump back on).
- 5. Open the balancing valve completely.
- 6. Turn off all fixtures and make sure there is no water running through the system (the cold inlet pipe should feel warm to the touch).
- 7. Let the system run for 30 minutes or longer without water. If, after 30 minutes, the water temperature increases, you may readjust the temperature by slowly closing the balancing valve until the appropriate temperature is reached.

Stop and Check-

Stop/Check Strainer

Troubleshooting: Thermostatic Mixing Valve

Before attempting to troubleshoot the valve or disassemble the components, check for the following:

- · Stop/check valves are fully open (the slotted stem must be flush with the stop/check cap) and that all inlet and outlet shut-off valves are open



 Hot and cold inlet pipes are connected properly, and that there are no cross-connections or leaking stop/ check valves Water heater output is at least 15° F above the set temperature. Be sure to close the appropriate shut-off valves prior to disassembly of the valve and reopen the valves after inspection and repair is complete. Valve appearance may differ slightly. 			
Problem	Cause	Solution	
External leaks in the system	Either the NPT joints or the o-rings have been damaged.	Replace the NPT joints and/or o-rings where necessary. For replacement of o-rings, contact your Bradley representative and ask for O-Ring Seal Kit (S65-186).	
No hot water flow (cold water flow only)	The thermostat has failed and, subsequently, the safety shut-off has engaged.	 Inspect Thermostat: Remove the top cap and pull out the push rod and thermostat. Insert a 7/16" dia. rod into the thermostat bellows. Mark the length of the thermostat bellows (at room temperature, with 10 lb. of force, the bellows length should be 2-25/32" - 3-1/4"). If the thermostat bellows length is not in the proper range, the thermostat must be replaced (it cannot be repaired). Contact your Bradley representative and ask for Thermostat Kit (S65-187). 	
Limited water flow	The inlet shut-off valve may be partially closed or there has been a significant decrease in water pressure.		
	Dirt and debris have collected on the check screen or seat, limiting the movement of the stop and checks.	Clean Stop and Check Valves: Remove the stop and checks, clean the screen and seat and reassemble the valve. Do not remove the seat. The components may be scraped with a screwdriver to remove debris. A pair of tweezers works well for pulling debris out from the seat. If the stop and checks need to be replaced, contact your Bradley representative and ask for Check/Stop Kit (S65-179).	
Temperature fluctuation or improper Temperature	The stop and check sections of the valve do not move freely.	Clean Stop and Check Valves as described above.	
	Thermostat is slowly failing.	Check Thermostat as described above, or replace.	
	Inlet supply line to the mixing valve is being shared by other pieces of equipment that are used only periodically, such as laundry appliances or washdown stations. It may reduce the inlet pressure to the mixing valve to less than 10 PSI. The supply line size may not be large enough to supply both the valve and the other appliances.	Enlarge the supply line size, reconfigure the supply line or regulate the supply usage.	
	Recirculation is not balanced.	Review recirculation set up on page 5.	

cleaned.

Piston does not move freely and must be

See next page for piston disassembly and cleaning directions.



