

Gas-fired Hot Water Boiler

Boiler Manual

- Installation
- Startup
- Maintenance
- Parts



This manual must only be used by a qualified heating installer/service technician. Read all instructions in this manual before installing. Perform steps in the order given. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

SAFETY WARNINGS

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result, causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life. A. This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped · If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire with an ignition device which automatically lights the department. burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand. C. Use only your hand to turn the gas control knob. B. BEFORE OPERATING smell all around the appliance Never use tools. If the handle will not turn by hand, area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or the floor. explosion. WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician · Do not try to light any appliance to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been · Do not touch any electric switch: under water. do not use any phone in your building Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas suppliers' instructions. **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS** 1. STOP! Read the safety information above. 5. Remove front cover. 2. Set the thermostat to lowest setting. 6. Turn gas shutoff valve to "off". Handle will be across the piping, do not force. 3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance. 7. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then 4. This appliance is equipped with an ignition device smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above on this label. If you don't smell which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand. gas, go to next step. 8. Turn gas shutoff valve to "on". Handle will be **GAS VALVE GAS VALVE** in line with piping. ON OFF 9. Install Front Cover. 10. Turn on all electric power to appliance. 11. Set thermostat to desired setting. 12. If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier. TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE 4. Turn gas shutoff valve to "off", Handle will be 1. Set the thermostat to lowest setting. across the piping. Do not force. 2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.

3. Remove Front Cover.

5. Install Front Cover.

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SAFETY WARNINGS

A WARNING

If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch: do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department. Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.
- Installation and service must performed by a qualified installer, service agency or gas supplier.

A WARNINGS

- THIS UNIT IS FOR CATEGORY IV VENTING 2 PIPE ONLY. THIS IS A SEALED COMBUSTION APPLIANCE.
- THIS HEATER INSTALLATION MUST CONFORM TO THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "NATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE" ANSI Z223.1 NEPA 54 AND OR CAN/CGA B149 INSTALLATION CODES. STATE AND LOCAL CODES MIGHT ALSO APPLY TO INSTALLATION.
- WHERE REQUIRED BY THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION, THE INSTALLATION MUST CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS FOR CONTROLS AND SAFETY DEVICES FOR AUTOMATICALLY FIRED HEATERS, ANSI/ASME HEATER AND PRESSURE VESSEL CODE, Section IV, ALONG WITH CSD1.
- THE HEATER, GAS PIPING, WATER PIPING, VENTING AND ELECTRICAL MUST BE INSTALLED BY TRAINED & QUALIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH INSTALLATION PRACTICES, LOCAL CODE, LICENSING REQUIREMENTS.
- IF THE INFORMATION IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE NOT FOLLOWED EXACTLY, A FIRE OR EXPLOSION MAY RESULT; CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH.
- DO NOT STORE OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE VAPORS AND LIQUIDS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS OR ANY OTHER APPLIANCE;
- THE USE OF A LOW WATER CUT-OFF DEVICE MAY BE REQUIRED BY STATE OR LOCAL CODES IF THE MUNCHKIN IS INSTALLED ABOVE RADIATION LEVELS.

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PART 1: PRODUCT AND SAFETY INFORMATION

SPECIAL ATTENTION BOXES

The following defined terms are used throughout this manual to bring attention to the presence of hazards of various risk levels or to important information concerning the product.

DEFINITIONS

A DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

CAUTION

CAUTION used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

This appliance must be installed by qualified and licensed personnel in accordance with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, by the national fuel gas code, ANSI Z223.1-2002. This appliance is for indoor installations only. Clearance to combusitble materials: 0" top, bottom, sides and back. Front must have room for service, 24" recommended. (A combustible door or removable panel is acceptable front clearance.) This appliance has been approved for closet installation. Do not install this appliance directly on carpeting. For installation on combustible flooring directly. Category IV vent systems only.

NOTICE

Heat Transfer Products, Inc., reserves the right to make product changes or updates without notice and will not be held liable for typographical errors in literature.

PART 1: PRODUCT AND SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Installer — Read all instructions in this manual, and Munchkin Venting section, before installing. Perform steps in the order given.

User — This manual is for use only by a qualified heating installer/service technician. Refer to User's Information Manual for your reference.

User — Have this boiler serviced/inspected by a qualified service technician annually.

Failure to comply with the above could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Failure to adhere to the guidelines on this page can result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

\Lambda WARNING

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas suppliers' instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

CAUTION

Due to the low water content of the boiler, missizing of the boiler with regard to the heating system load will result in excessive boiler cycling and accelerated component failure. Heat Transfer Products DOES NOT warrant failures caused by mis-sized boiler applications. DO NOT oversize the boiler to the system. Modular boiler installations greatly reduce the likelihood of boiler oversizing.

Before Installing

WHEN SERVICING BOILER

- To avoid electric shock, disconnect electrical supply before performing maintenance.
- To avoid severe burns, allow boiler to cool before performing maintenance.

BOILER OPERATION

- Do not block flow of combustion or ventilation air to boiler.
- Should overheating occur or gas supply fail to shut off, do not turn off or disconnect electrical supply to circulator. Instead, shut off the gas supply at a location external to the appliance.
- Do not use this boiler if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the boiler and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control that has been under water.

BOILER WATER

- If you have an old system with cast iron radiators, thoroughly flush the system (without boiler connected) to remove sediment. The high-efficiency heat exchanger can be damaged by build-up or corrosion due to sediment.
- Do not use petroleum-based cleaning or sealing compounds in boiler system. Gaskets and seals in the system may be damaged. This can result in substantial property damage.
- Do not use "homemade cures" or "boiler patent medicines." Substantial property damage, damage to boiler, and/or serious personal injury may result.
- Continual fresh make-up water will reduce boiler life. Mineral buildup in heat exchanger reduces heat transfer, overheats the stainless steel heat exchanger, and causes failure. Addition of oxygen carried in by make-up water can cause internal corrosion in system components. Leaks in boiler or piping must be repaired at once to prevent make-up water.

PART 1: PRODUCT AND SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

FREEZE PROTECTION FLUIDS

A CAUTION

NEVER use automotive or standard glycol antifreeze, even ethylene glycol made for hydronic systems. Use only inhibited propylene glycol solutions, which are specifically formulated for hydronic systems. Ethylene glycol is toxic and can attack gaskets and seals used in hydronic systems.

PART 2: HOW BOILER OPERATES

Munchkin Condensing Technology is an intelligent system that delivers highly efficient hydronic heating, while maximizing efficiency by measuring the Data Parameters of your heating system.

1. Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger

The highly efficient durable Munchkin Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger is designed to take the colder return water from the system and extract the last bit of energy before it is exhausted. The heat exchanger design is separated by an internal baffle which diverts the exhaust gas through the primary heat exchanger into the secondary heat exchanger where the colder return water extracts the last residual heat.

2. Modulating Combustion System

Modulation during the central heating operation is based on the supply temperature. The set point used for the control depends upon the programmed central heating curve. The slope of the heating curve can be changed by the installer of the Munchkin in the sense that both turning points of the curve can be moved. The control monitors the system to regulate the output of the burner during operation to match the system demand. This increase in efficiency allows for substantial fuel savings.

3. Gas Valve

The gas valve senses suction from the blower,

allowing gas to flow only if the gas valve is powered and combustion air is flowing.

4. Supply water temperature sensor

This sensor monitors boiler output water temperature (system supply). The control module adjusts the boiler firing rate so the outlet temperature is correct.

5. Return water temperature sensor

This sensor monitors the return water temperature (system return). The control module reduces or increases boiler input, depending on how close the return water temperature is to the outlet water temperature.

6. Temperature and pressure gauge

Allows the user to monitor the systems temperature and pressure.

7. Control

The integrated control system monitors the return and supply water and regulates the fan speed to regulate the unit's BTU output. This allows the unit to only deliver the amount of heated energy required and nothing more!

8. Burner

Constructed of high grade stainless steel construction, the burner uses pre-mixed air and gas and provides a wide range of firing rates.

PART 2: HOW BOILER OPERATES (CONT'D)

9. Electrical field connections with terminal strips

The electrical cover plate allows access the line voltage terminal strip and the low voltage terminal strip. Attach line voltage conduits to the three holes at the right of the line voltage terminal strip for power, CH pump and DHW pump. Route low voltage wires through the opening to the left of the low voltage terminal strip. (See Field Wiring Instructions Part 9.)

10. Condensate drain connection

This is a condensing high efficiency appliance, therefore this unit has a condensate removal system. Condensate is nothing more than water vapor, derived from the combustion products, similar to an automobile when it is initially started. It is very important that the condensate line is sloped away from the boiler and down to a suitable inside drain, if the condensate outlet on the Munchkin is lower than the drain, you must use a condensate removal pump (kit p/n 554200 available from Heat Transfer Products, Inc.) A condensate filter, if required by local authorities can be made up of lime crystals, marble or phosphate chips and will neutralize the condensate. This can be done in the field by the installer or you may purchase one from Heat Transfer Products, Inc. (P/N N1100). It is also very important that the condensate line is not exposed to freezing temperatures or any other type of blockage. Plastic tubing must be the only material used for the condensate line. Steel, brass, copper or others will be subject to corrosion or deterioration. A second vent may be necessary to prevent condensate line vacuum lock if a long horizontal run is used. Also, an increase in pipe size may be necessary to drain properly. Support of the condensation line may be necessary to avoid blockage of the condensate flow.

11. Spark ignition

The burner flame is ignited by applying a high voltage to the system spark electrode. This causes a spark from electrode to ground.

12. The Vision 1 System

The Vision I System will allow the installing contractor to take the highly efficient modulating Munchkin and make it even more efficient by controlling the temperature delivered to the central heating circuits based on the outside temperature. The Vision I system is also a two temperature system, one temperature for central heating and the other temperature to the Super Stor Ultra Indirect water heater. This allows the user to increase the temperature supplied to the Super Stor Ultra indirect water heater to get a fast recovery by prioritizing the flow at a higher temperature than may be needed for the central heating circuits (this will require two separate circulators). You must follow the piping, wiring and programming instructions located in the Vision One section of this manual. The Vision 1 kit consists of the following, which is included with your equipment

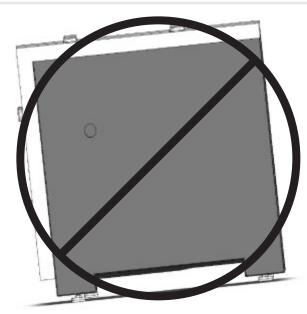
- Outdoor sensor 7250P-319
- Indirect tank sensor 7250P-325

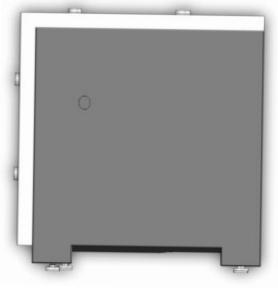
PART 3: PREPARE BOILER LOCATION

A. BOILER LOCATION SHOULD BE LEVEL

A CAUTION

When preparing the boiler location, make sure the area where you are placing the boiler is level. In order for the condensate to flow to the location of the condensate hose, the boiler must be slightly pitched back to assure proper flow direction. The Munchkin Boiler comes equipped with leveling feet. Should you find the floor beneath the boiler is uneven, with a wrench, adjust the leveling feet so the boiler is pitched back at 1/8" per foot





INCORRECT

CORRECT

MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

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	MUNCHKIN RESIDENTIAL BOILER										
Model	Input Modulation	DOE Heating	Net I=B=R DOE Boiler Water		Water	Gas	Vent Fan Speeds		Ship.		
Number	BTU / hr	BTU / hr	Ratings BTU / hr	AFUE%	Water	Connections	Connections	Size	High	Low	Wt.*
T50M	18,000–50,000	46,000	40,000	95.1	0.4 gal	1-1/4" NPT	3/4"	2"	3000	1250	71 lbs.
T80M	19,000–80,000	74,000	64,000	95.1	0.5 gal	1-1/4" NPT	3/4"	2"	4250	1200	71 lbs.
80M	27,000–80,000	74,000	64,000	95.1	0.8 gal	1-1/4" NPT	3/4"	3"	3700	1600	87 lbs.
140M	46,000–140,000	129,000	112,000	95.1	1.4 gal	1-1/4" NPT	3/4"	3"	3550	1400	113 lbs.
199M	66,000–199,000	183,000	159,000	95.1	1.8 gal	1-1/4" NPT	3/4"	3"	4800	1550	125 lbs.
	*Does not include pallet										

	MUNCHKIN COMMERCIAL BOILER											
Model	Model Input Modulation Gross Output Net I=B=R Combustion Thermal Boiler Water Gas Vent Fan Speeds S								Ship.			
Number	BTU / hr	BTU / hr	Ratings BTU / hr	Efficiency%	Efficiency%	Water	Connections	Connections	Size	High	Low	Wt.*
399M	100,000-399,000	379,000	330,000	95.1	93.4	4.2	2" NPT	1-1/4"	4"	7700	1900	237 lbs.
	*Does not include pallet											

DIMENSIONS

T50M/T80M

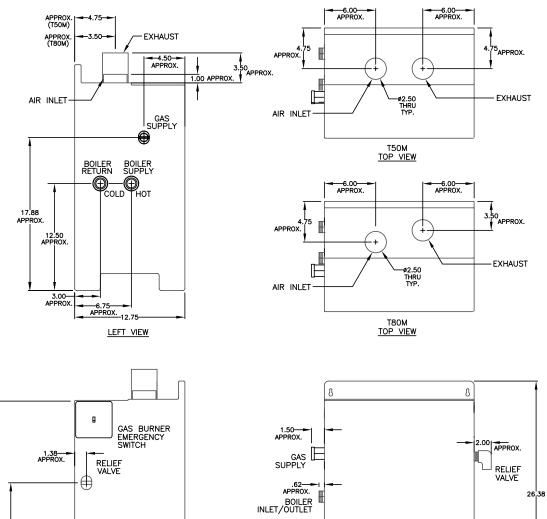


Figure 2-1

24,00

14.50 APPROX.

RIGHT VIEW

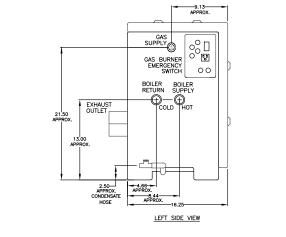
8 17.50 FRONT VIEW

MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

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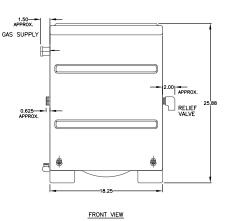
DIMENSIONS

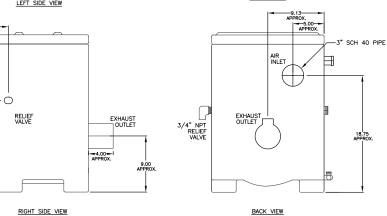
80M



3.25 APPROX.

14.87

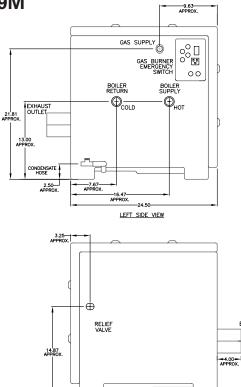




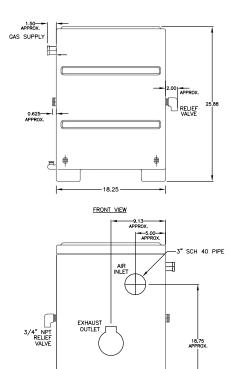
EXHAUST

Figure 2-2

140M/199M



RIGHT SIDE VIEW



BACK VIEW

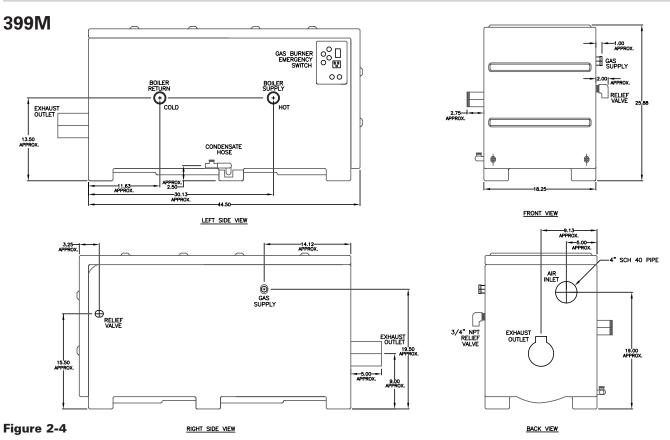
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MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

Boiler Manual

DIMENSIONS



PART 3: PREPARE BOILER LOCATION (CONTINUED)

B. INSTALLATIONS MUST COMPLY WITH:

- Local, state, provincial, and national codes, laws, regulations and ordinances.
- National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 latest edition.
- Standard for Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers, ANSI/ASME CSD-1, when required.
- National Electrical Code.
- For Canada only: B149.1 or B149.2 Installation Code, CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 and any local codes.

NOTICE

The Munchkin Boiler gas manifold and controls met safe lighting and other performance criteria when boiler underwent tests specified in ANSI Z21.13 — latest edition.

C. BEFORE LOCATING THE BOILER

- 1. Check for nearby connection to:
 - · System water piping
 - Venting connections
 - Gas supply piping
 - Electrical power
- Check area around boiler. Remove any combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable liquids.

Failure to keep boiler area clear and free of combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable liquids and vapors can result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

3. The Munchkin gas control system components are protected from dripping or spraying water

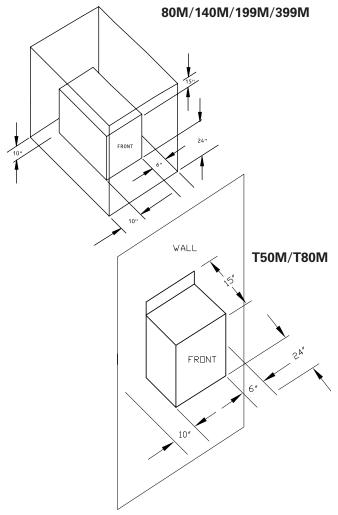
PART 3: PREPARE BOILER LOCATION (CONTINUED)

or rain during operation or service.

- 4. If the Munchkin Boiler is to replace an existing boiler, check for and correct any *existing* system problems such as:
 - System leaks.
 - Incorrectly-sized expansion tank.
 - Lack of freeze protection in boiler water causing system and boiler to freeze and leak.
 - Excessive glycol which will affect the boiler system operation.

D. CLEARANCES FOR SERVICE ACCESS

1. See Figure 3-1 for recommended service clearances. If you do not provide minimum clearances shown, it might not be possible to service the boiler without removing it from the space.





The space must be provided with combustion/ventilation air openings correctly sized for all other appliances located in the same space as the Munchkin boiler. The boiler cover must be securely fastened to the boiler to prevent boiler from drawing air from inside the boiler room. This is particularly important if the boiler is located in the same room as other appliances. Failure to comply with the above warnings could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

E. RESIDENTIAL GARAGE INSTALLATION

Precautions

Take the following special precautions when installing the boiler in a residential garage. If the boiler is located in a residential garage, per ANSI Z223.1, paragraph 5.1.9:

- Mount the boiler with a minimum of 18 inches above the floor of the garage to the bottom of the boiler to ensure the burner and ignition devices will be no less than 18 inches above the floor.
- Locate or protect the boiler so it cannot be damaged by a moving vehicle.

F. EXHAUST VENT AND INTAKE AIR VENT

The Munchkin Boiler requires a special vent system, designed for pressurized venting. Munchkin Boilers are rated ANSI Z21.13 Category IV (pressurized vent, likely to condense in the vent).

You must also install air intake piping from outside to the boiler flue adaptor. The resultant installation is categorized as direct vent (sealed combustion). **Note: To prevent combustion air contamination see Table 3-2 in this section when considering exhaust vent and intake air vent termination.**

Intake and exhaust must terminate near each other and may be vented vertically through the roof or out a side wall. The intake and exhuast venting methods are detailed in the Venting Section. Do not attempt to install the Munchkin Boiler using any other means. Be sure to locate the boiler such that the air intake and exhaust

PART 3: PREPARE BOILER LOCATION (CONTINUED)

vent piping can be routed through the building and properly terminated. The air intake and exhaust vent piping lengths, routing and termination method must all comply with the methods and limits given in the Venting section.

G. PREVENT COMBUSTION AIR CONTAMINATION

Install intake air piping for the Munchkin Boiler as described in the Venting section. Do not terminate exhaust in locations that can allow contamination of intake air.

A WARNING

You must pipe outside air to the boiler air intake. Ensure that the intake air will not contain any of the contaminants below. Contaminated air will damage the boiler, resulting in possible severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage. For example, do not pipe intake air vent near a swimming pool. Also avoid areas subject to exhaust fumes from laundry facilities. These areas will always contain contaminants.

Table 3-2: Corrosive contaminants and sources

Products to avoid
Spray cans containing fluorocarbons
Permanent wave solutions
Chlorinated waxes/cleaners
Chlorine-based swimming pool chemicals
Calcium chloride used for thawing
Sodium chloride used for water softening
Refrigerant leaks
Paint or varnish removers
Hydrochloric acid/muriatic acid
Cements and glues
Antistatic fabric softeners used in clothes dryers
Chlorine-type bleaches, detergents, and cleaning
solvents found in household laundry rooms Adhesives used to fasten building products and
other similar products
Areas likely to have contaminants
Dry cleaning/laundry areas and establishments
Swimming pools
Metal fabrication plants
Beauty shops
Refrigeration repair shops
Photo processing plants
Auto body shops
Plastic manufacturing plants
Furniture refinishing areas and establishments
New building construction
Remodeling areas

H. WHEN REMOVING A BOILER FROM AN EXISTING COMMON VENT SYSTEM

A DANGER

Do not install the Munchkin Boiler into a common vent with any other appliance. This will cause flue gas spillage or appliance malfunction, resulting in possible severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

A WARNING

Failure to follow all instructions can result in flue gas spillage and carbon monoxide emissions, causing severe personal injury or death.

At the time of removal of an existing boiler, the following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are not in operation.

- a. Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.
- b. Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch and determine there is non blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- c. Insofar as is practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.
- d. Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliance will operate continuously.
- e. Test for spillage at draft hood opening after 5

PART 3: PREPARE BOILER LOCATION (CONTINUED)

minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle, or smoke from a cigarette, cigar, or pipe.

- f. After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined herein, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers, and any other gas-burning appliance to their previous conditions of use.
- g. Any improper operation of common venting system should be corrected so the installation conforms with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 — latest edition. Correct by resizing to approach the minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables in Table 13 of NFPA54 ANSI Z223.1 2006 of that code. Canadian installations must comply with B149.1 or B149.2 Installation Code.

PART 4: PREPARE BOILER

CAUTION

Cold weather handling — If boiler has been stored in a very cold location (below 0° F) before installation, handle with care until the plastic components come to room temperature.

A. REMOVE BOILER FROM BOX

1. Prior to installing, care must be taken to place boiler in a safe location prior to installation on the wall to prevent damage to the mechanical connections.

PART 5: BOILER PIPING

A. RELIEF VALVE

Connect discharge piping to safe disposal location, following guidelines in the WARNING below.

To avoid water damage or scalding due to relief valve operation:

- Discharge line must be connected to relief valve outlet and run to a safe place of disposal. Terminate the discharge line in a manner that will prevent possibility of severe burns or property damage should the valve discharge.
- Discharge line must be as short as possible and be the same size as the valve discharge connection throughout its entire length.
- Discharge line must pitch downward from the valve and terminate at least 6" above the floor drain where any discharge will be clearly visible.
- The discharge line shall terminate plain, not threaded, with a material serviceable for temperatures of 375 °F or greater.
- Do not pipe the discharge to any place where freezing could occur.
- No shutoff valve shall be installed between the relief valve and boiler, or in the discharge line. Do not plug or place any obstruction in the discharge line.
- Test the operation of the valve after filling and pressurizing system by lifting the lever. Make sure the valve discharges freely. If the valve fails to operate correctly, replace it with a new relief valve.
- Failure to comply with the above guidelines could result in failure of the relief valve to operate, resulting in possibility of severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

B. GENERAL PIPING INFORMATION

NOTICE

The Munchkin Boiler control module uses temperature sensors to provide both high limit protection and modulating temperature control. The control module also provides low water protection by sensing the water pressure of the heat exchanger. Some codes/jurisdictions may require additional external controls for high limit and/or low water cutoff protection.

C. SEPARATE LOW WATER CUTOFF

A low water cutoff may be required by state local code or some insurance companies. Check code requirements before installation of the Munchkin Boiler. It is also required that a low water cutoff be used if the boiler is installed above the piping level.

If required:

- Use a low water cutoff designed for hydronic installations that is an electrode probe type
- Install in a tee on the supply piping above the boiler
- Follow low water cutoff manufacturer's instructions

D. BACKFLOW PREVENTER

Use a backflow preventer specifically designed for hydronic boiler installations. This valve should be installed on the cold water fill supply line per local codes. (See piping details at the end of this section.)

CAUTION

All piping methods shown in this manual use primary/secondary connection to the boiler loop. This is to avoid the possibility of noise or actuator problems in zone valves because of the high-head boiler circulator. For other piping methods, consult your local Heat Transfer Products representative or refer to separate Munchkin Boiler piping details in this manual (Part 5).

E. SYSTEM WATER PIPING METHODS

Expansion tank and make-up water

1. Ensure expansion tank size will handle boiler

and system water volume and temperature. Allow 3 gallons for boiler and its piping and 4 gallons for the 399.

CAUTION

Undersized expansion tanks cause system water to be lost from relief valve and makeup water to be added through fill valve. Eventual boiler failure can result due to excessive makeup water addition.

- 2. Expansion tank must be located as shown in Boiler Piping Part 5, or following recognized design methods. See tank manufacturer's instructions for details.
- 3. Connect the expansion tank to the air separator only if the separator is on the suction side of the circulator. Always install the system fill connection at the same point as the expansion tank connection to the system.
- 4. Most chilled water systems are piped using a closed type expansion tank.

Diaphragm (or bladder) expansion tank

1. Always install an automatic air vent on top of the air separator to remove residual air from the system.

F. CIRCULATORS

A CAUTION

DO NOT install automatic air vents on closedtype expansion tank systems. Air must remain in the system and return to the tank to provide its air cushion. An automatic air vent would cause air to leave system, resulting in waterlogging the expansion tank.

A CAUTION

DO NOT use the boiler circulator in any location other than the ones shown in this manual. The boiler circulator is selected to ensure adequate flow through the Munchkin Boiler. Failure to comply could result in unreliable performance and nuisance shut downs from insufficient flow.

Sizing space heat system piping

1. See Piping Details in this manual Part 5. In all

diagrams, the space heating system is isolated from the boiler loop by the primary/secondary connection.

2. Size the piping and components in the space heating system using recognized design methods.

G. HYDRONIC PIPING WITH CIRCULATORS, ZONE VALVES AND MULTIPLE BOILERS

The Munchkin Boiler is designed to function in a closed loop 15 PSI System. A factory installed water pressure switch will ensure that you have adequate pressure in the system. The Munchkin Boiler will not operate without a minimum of 10 PSI water pressure. This assures you that if the system does have leak, the Munchkin Boiler will lock out (PRO on the display) before it damages the Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger. We have also included a Temperature and Pressure gauge which allows the user to monitor the system pressure and outlet temperature from the Munchkin Boiler. It is important to note that the Munchkin Boiler has a minimal amount of pressure drop and must be calculated when sizing the circulators. Each Munchkin Boiler installation must have an Air Elimination device that will remove air from the system. Install the Munchkin Boiler so the gas ignition system components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, etc.) allowing clearance for basic service of circulator replacement, valves and other. Observe minimum 1" clearance around all un-insulated hot water pipes when openings around pipes are not protected by noncombustible materials. On a Munchkin Boiler installed above radiation level, some states and local codes require a low water cut off device at the time of installation (See Part C this section). If the Munchkin Boiler supplies hot water to heating coils in air handler units, flow control valves or other devices must be installed to prevent gravity circulation of heater water in the coils during the cooling cycle. Chilled Water Medium must be piped in parallel with the heater. Freeze Protection for new or existing systems must use glycol that is specifically formulated for this purpose. It will include inhibitors that will prevent the glycol from attacking the metallic system components. Make

certain that the system fluid is checked for the correct glycol concentration and inhibitor level. The system should be tested at least once a year and as recommend by the producer of the glycol solution. Allowance should be made for the expansion of the glycol solution in the system piping. Example 50% by volume solution expands 4.8% in volume for the temperature increase from 32 F to 180 F, while water expands 3% with the same temperature rise.

Basic steps are listed below, with Illustration, which will guide you through the installation of the Munchkin.

A CAUTION

The Munchkin Boiler should not be operated as a potable Hot Water Heater. It should not be used as a direct Hot Water Heating Device.

- 1. Connect the system return marked "Heater In".
- 2. Connect the system supply marked "Heater Out".
- 3. Install Purge and Balance Valve or shut off valve and drain on system return to purge air out of each zone.
- 4. Install a Back Flow preventor on the Cold Feed Make-Up Water line.
- Install a Pressure Reducing Valve on the Cold Feed Make-Up Water line, (15 PSI nominal on the system return). Check Temperature and Pressure Gauge which should read minimum pressure of 12 PSI.
- 6. Install a circulator as shown in piping details (this section). Make sure the circulator is properly sized for the system and friction loss.
- 7. Install an Expansion Tank on the system supply. Consult the tank manufacturer's instruction for specific information relating to expansion tank installation. Size the expansion tank for the required system volume and capacity.
- 8. Install an Air Elimination Device on the system supply.
- 9. Install a drain valve at the lowest point of the system. Note: The Munchkin Boiler can not be drained completely of water without purging the unit with an air pressure 15 PSI.

10. The Safety Relief Valve is installed at the factory. Pipe the discharge of the safety relief valve to prevent injury in the event of pressure relief. Pipe the discharge 6" above the drain to a drain. Provide piping that is the same size as the safety relief valve outlet. **Never block the outlet of safety relief valve.**

H. CIRCULATOR SIZING

The Munchkin Boiler Heat Exchanger does have pressure drop which must be considered in your system design. Refer to the graph in Fig. 5-1 below for pressure drop through the Munchkin Boiler Heat Exchanger for recommended pump selection at a $20\Delta t$ design.

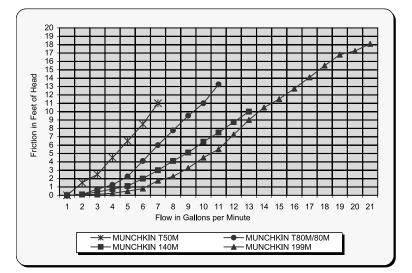
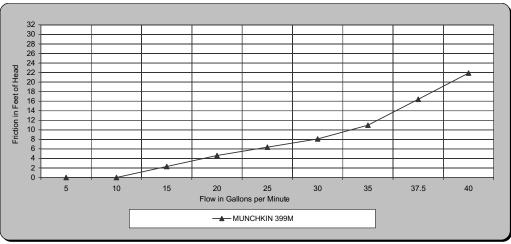


Figure 5-1



* NOTE: The recommended circulators are based on 1 gpm per 10,000 btu/hr with 20° Δ t. Figure 5-2

CIRCULATOR SIZING CHART

for Central Heating Circulator (P1)* and SuperStor Ultra Circulator (P2)*

	Tá	aco	Grui	ndfos	Bell & Gossett		
	P1 P2		P1	P2	P1	P2	
T50/T80/80M	007	009	UPS15-58F SPD-2	UPS15-58F SPD-3	NRF-22	NRF-22	
140M	0010	0011	26-64F	26-96F	NRF-33	NRF-36	
199M	0011	0013	26-96F	26-96F	NRF-36	NRF-36	
399M	1400-50	1400-50	UPS 32-160	UPS 32-160	PL-55	PL-55	

Note: SuperStor Ultra Indirect pump assumes the following: (6) 90 degree elbows and (1) tee on the run of 20' and 1" of copper tube size, but does not include any flow checks or zone valves.

*See drawings on the following pages

The chart below represents the various system temperatures, their respective flows and friction loss through the Munchkin which will aid in circulator selection.

	SYSTEM TEMPERATURE RISE CHART											
Model	Friction Feet	20°∆t Flow G P M	Friction Feet	25°∆t Flow G P M	Friction Feet	30°∆t Flow G P M	Friction Feet	35°∆t Flow G P M	Friction Feet	40°∆t Flow G P M	Friction Feet	45°∆t Flow G P M
T-50	6.5′	5	4.5′	4	3′	3.3	2′	2.5	N/A	N/R	N/A	N/R
T-80	7.8′	8	4.7′	6.4	2.9′	5.3	2′	4.6	1.5′	4	1′	3.5
80M	7.8′	8	4.7′	6.4	2.9′	5.3	2′	4.6	1.5′	4	1′	3.5
140M	11′	14	8′	11.2	6′	9.3	4.75′	8	3.75′	7	2.5′	6.2
199M	17′	19	12.3′	15.2	8.5′	12.6	5.75′	10.8	4′	9.5	2.5′	8.4
399M	21′	39	9′	31.2	7′	26	6′	22.3	5′	19.5	4′	17.3

N/R = Not Recommended

N/A = Not Available

I. FILL AND PURGE HEATING SYSTEM

- Attach the hose to balance and purge hose connector or drain valve and run hose to nearest drain
- Close the other side of the balance and purge valve or the shut off valve after the drain.
- Open first zone balance and purge or drain valve to let water flow out the hose. If zone valves are used, open the valves one at a time manually. (Note: You should check valve manufacturer's instruction prior to opening valves manually, so as not to damage the valve.)
- Manually operate fill valve regulator. When water runs out of the hose, while it's connected to the balance and purge valve or drain you will see a steady stream of water (without bubbles). Close balance and purge valve or drain to stop the water from flowing. Disconnect the hose and connect it to next zone to be purged.
- Repeat this procedure for additional zones (one at time).

A CAUTION

For installation that incorporates standing Iron Radiation and systems with manual vents at the high points. Follow above section and starting with the nearest manual air vent, open vent until water flows out, then close vent. Repeat procedure, working your way toward furthest air vent. It may be necessary to install a basket strainer in an older system where larger amounts of sediment may be present. Annual cleaning of the strainer may be necessary. Upon completion, make sure that the fill valve is in automatic position and each zone balance and purge or shut off is in an open position and zone valves are positioned for automatic operation.

A WARNING

Use only inhibited propylene glycol solutions which are specially formulated for hydronic systems. Ethylene glycol is toxic and can attack gaskets and seals used in hydronic systems. Glycol mixtures should not exceed 50%.

- 1. Glycol in hydronic applications which is specially formulated for this purpose includes inhibitors that prevent the glycol from attacking metallic system components. Make certain that the system fluid is checked for the correct glycol concentration and inhibitor level.
- 2. The glycol solution should be tested at least once a year and as recommended by the glycol manufacturer.
- Anti-freeze solutions expand more than water. For example a 50% by volume solution expands 4.8% in volume for a temperature increase from 32° F to 180° F, while water expands 3% with the same temperature rise. Allowances must be made for this expansion in the system design.
- 4. A 30% mixture of glycol will result in a BTU output loss of 15% with a 5% increase in head against system circulator.
- 5. A 50% mixture of glycol will result in a BTU output loss of 30% with a 50% increase in head against system circulator.

A CAUTION

It is highly recommended that you carefully follow the glycol manufacturer's recommended concentrations, expansion requirements and maintenance recommendations (pH additive breakdown, inhibitor reduction, etc.). You must carefully figure the additional friction loss in the system as well as the reduction in heat transfer co-efficients.

J. ZONING WITH ZONE VALVES

- Connect boiler to system as shown in 2A and 2B in Piping Details when zoning with zone valves. The primary/secondary piping shown ensures the boiler loop will have sufficient flow. It also avoids applying the high head of the boiler circulator to the zone valves.
- 2. Connect DHW (domestic hot water) piping to indirect storage water heater as shown.

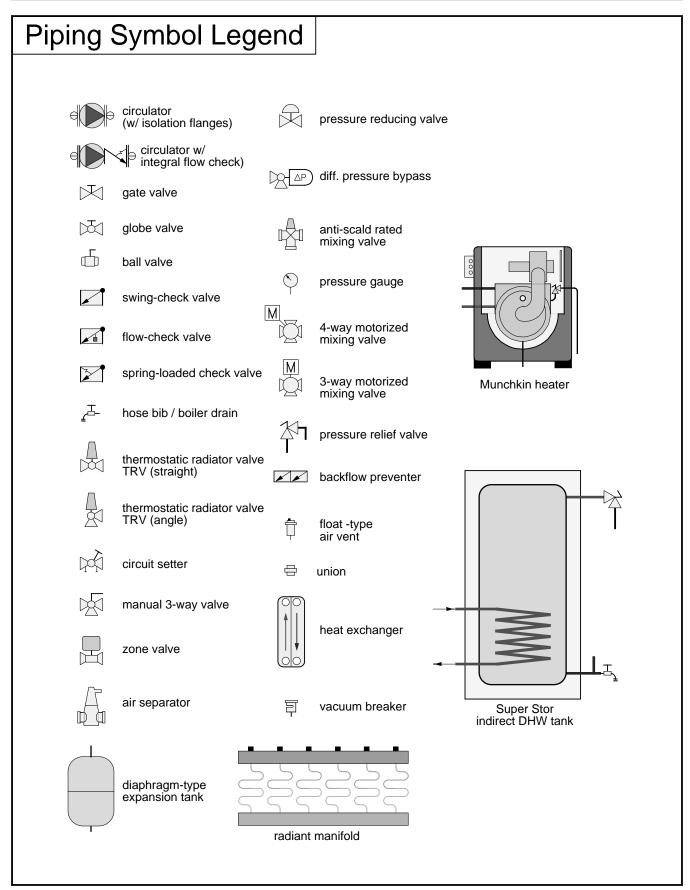
K. ZONING WITH CIRCULATORS

- Connect boiler to system when circulator zoning as shown in 2C and 2D in Piping Details when zoning with circulators. The boiler circulator cannot be used for a zone. It must supply only the boiler loop.
- 2. Install a separate circulator for each zone.
- 3. Connect DHW (domestic hot water) piping to indirect storage water heater as shown.

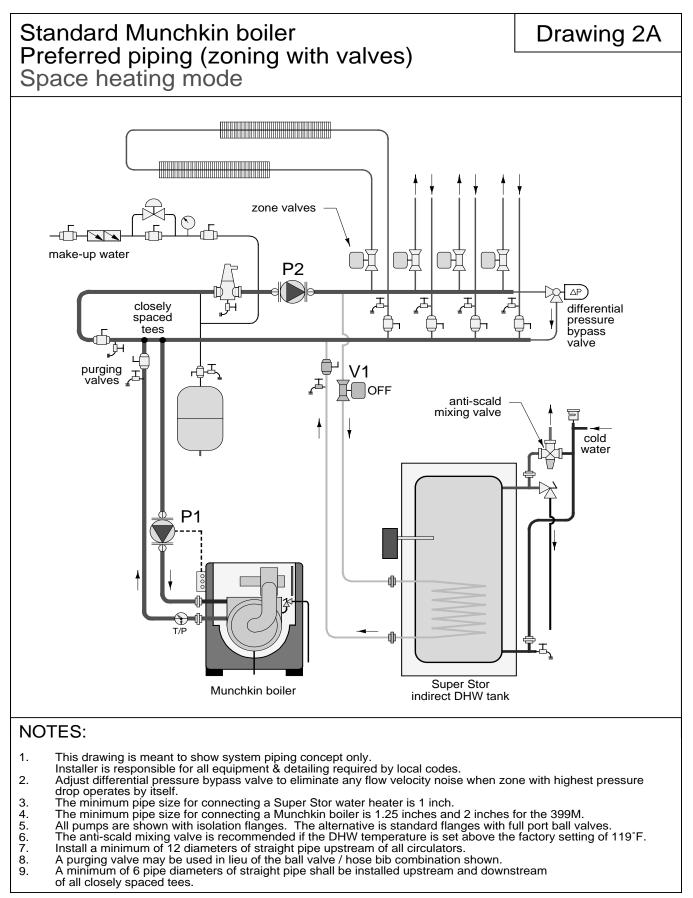
L. MULTIPLE BOILERS

- 1. Connect multiple boilers as shown in 2E and 2F in Piping Details.
- 2. All piping shown is reverse return to assure balanced flow through the connected boilers.
- 3. Each connected boiler must have its own circulator pump to assure adequate flow.
- 4. Connect DHW (domestic hot water) piping to indirect storage water heater as shown.

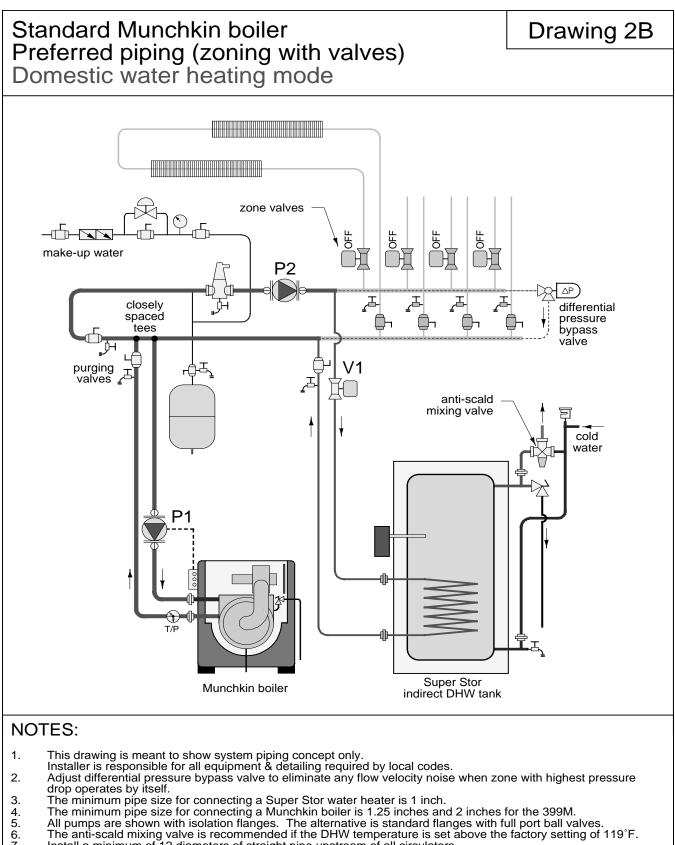
M. BOILER PIPING DETAILS





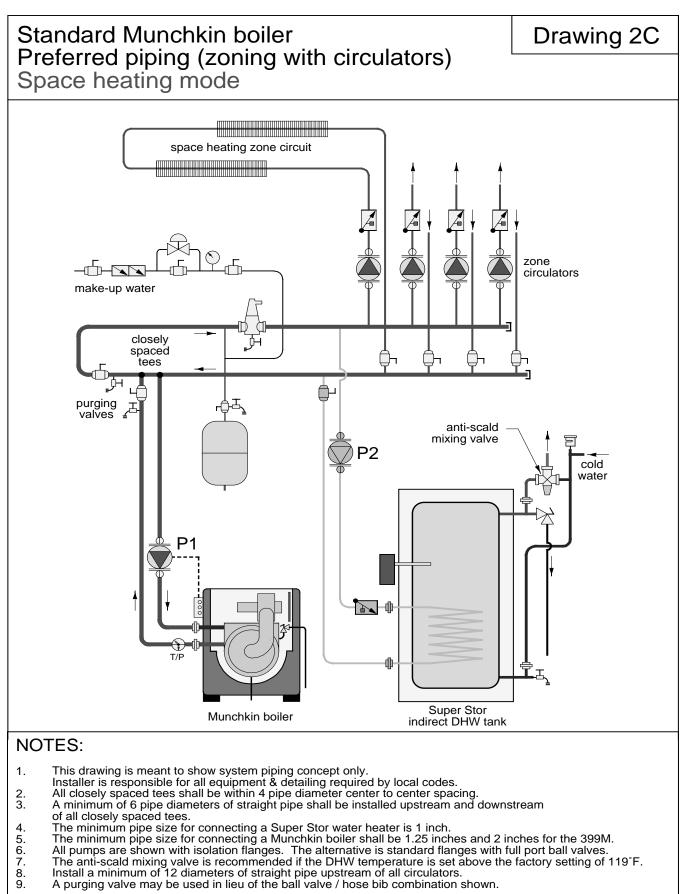


NOTE: For Vision piping applications, refer to the Vision Installation Piping Diagrams.

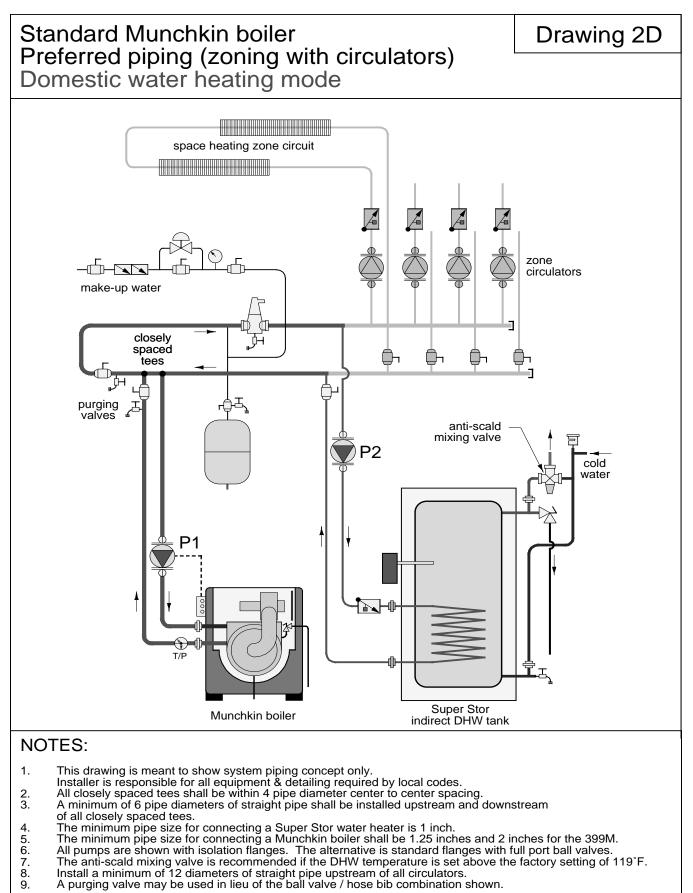


- 6. 7. Install a minimum of 12 diameters of straight pipe upstream of all circulators.
- 8. A purging valve may be used in lieu of the ball valve / hose bib combination shown.
- A minimum of 6 pipe diameters of straight pipe shall be installed upstream and downstream 9
- of all closely spaced tees.

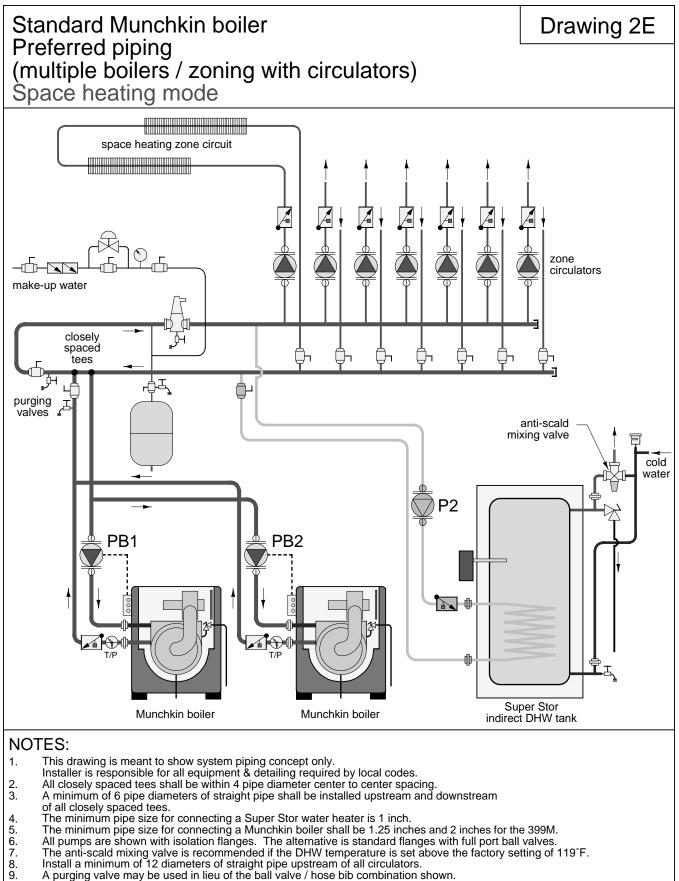
NOTE: For Vision piping applications, refer to the Vision Installation Piping Diagrams.



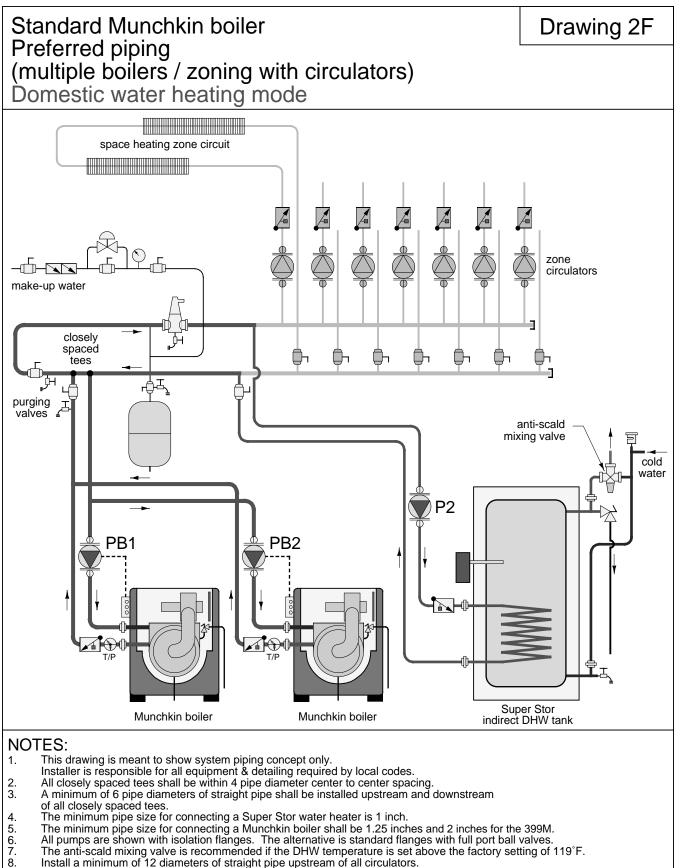
NOTE: For Vision piping applications, refer to the Vision Installation Piping Diagrams.



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- Install a minimum of 12 diameters of straight pipe upstream of all circulators
- 9. A purging valve may be used in lieu of the ball valve / hose bib combination shown.

NOTE: For Vision piping applications, refer to the Vision Installation Piping Diagrams.

PART 6. BOILER PIPING WITH VISION I SYSTEM (DHW PRIORITY WITH OUTDOOR RESET)

A. VISION I SYSTEM PIPING

It is important that the system piping is done correctly when using the Vision 1 System. Follow the piping diagrams 3A through 4H when piping your Munchkin Boiler with Vision I. All general piping practices should still be maintained.

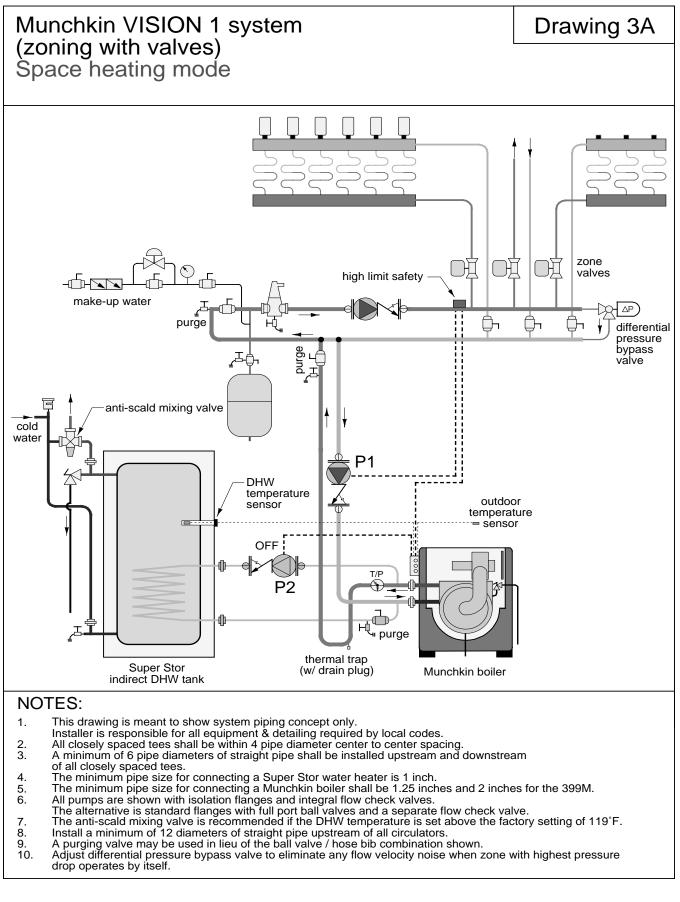
B. ZONING WITH ZONE VALVES USING VISION I

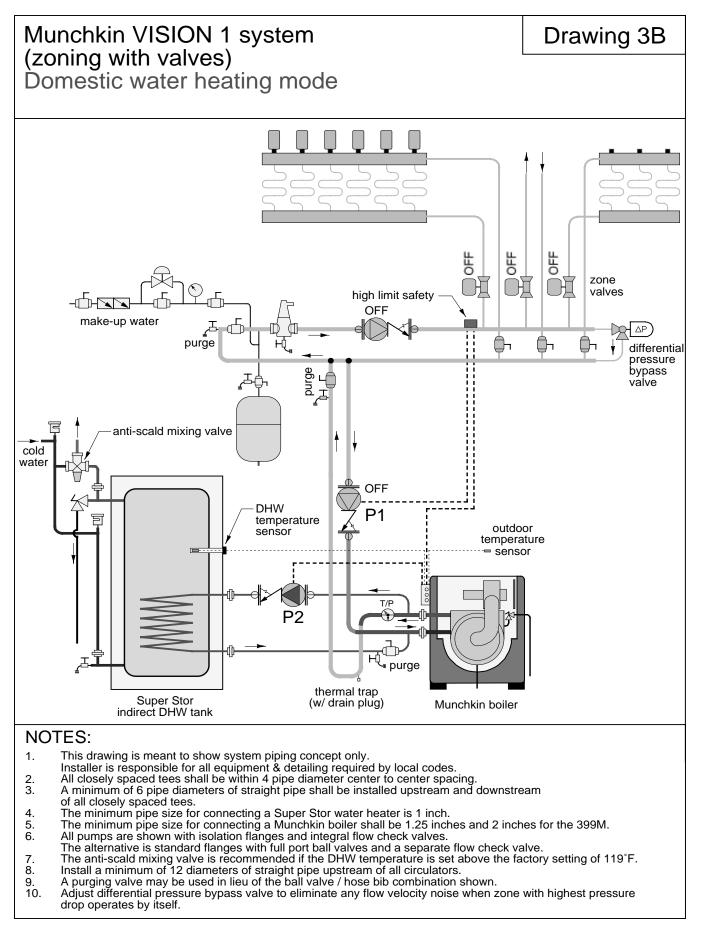
- 1. Connect the boiler to the system as shown in piping details 3A through 3C.
- 2. Connect the DHW circulator (P2) directly to the boiler as shown as shown in the piping details. The boiler circulator (P1) will shut down when there is a DHW demand.

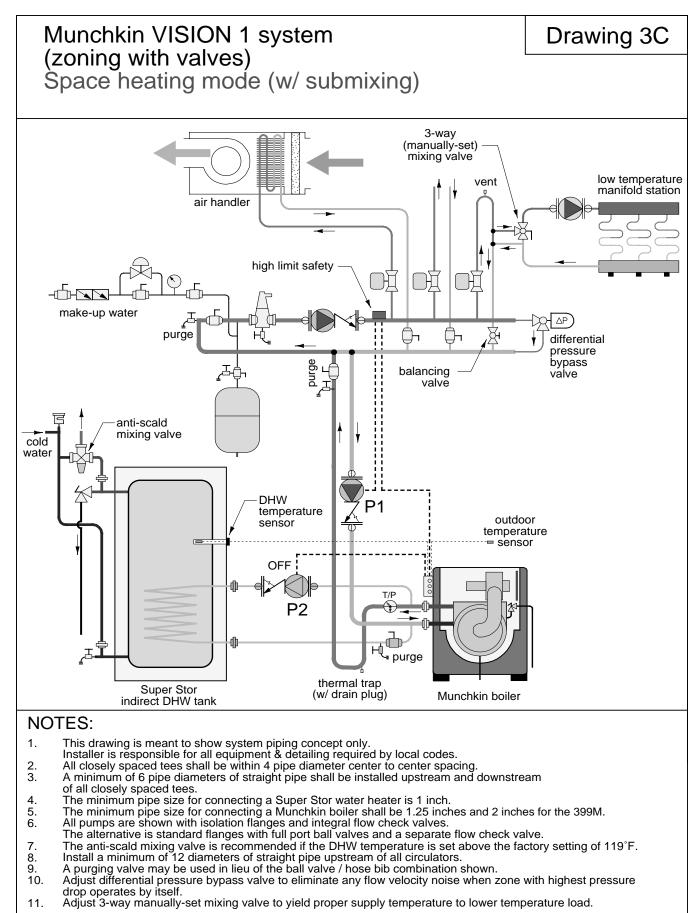
C. ZONING WITH CIRCULATORS USING VISION I

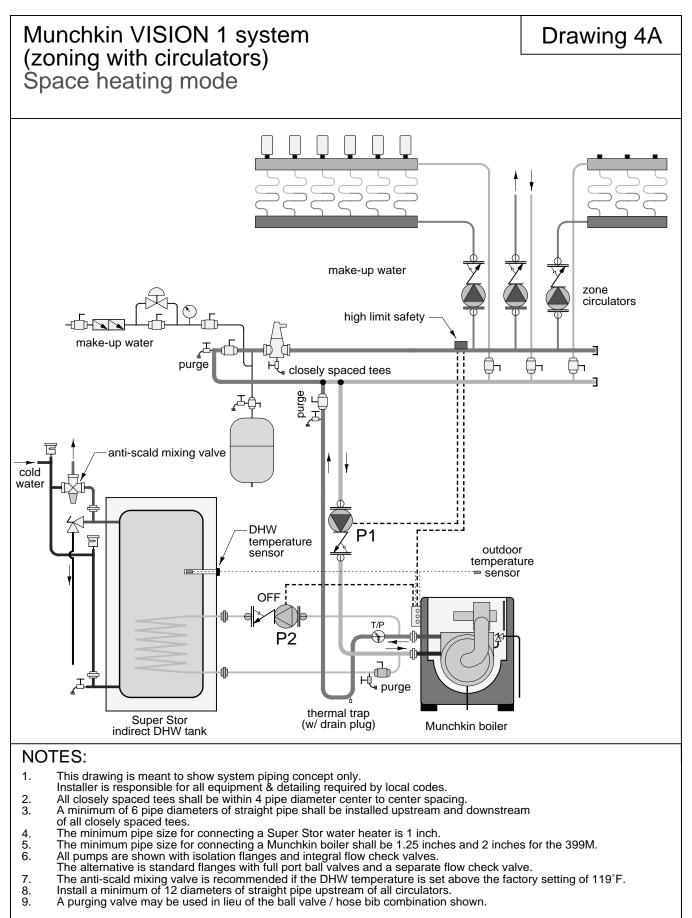
- 1. Connect the boiler to the system as shown in piping details 4A through 4H.
- 2. Connect the DHW circulator (P2) directly to the boiler as shown in the piping details. The boiler circulator (P1) will shut down when there is a DHW demand.

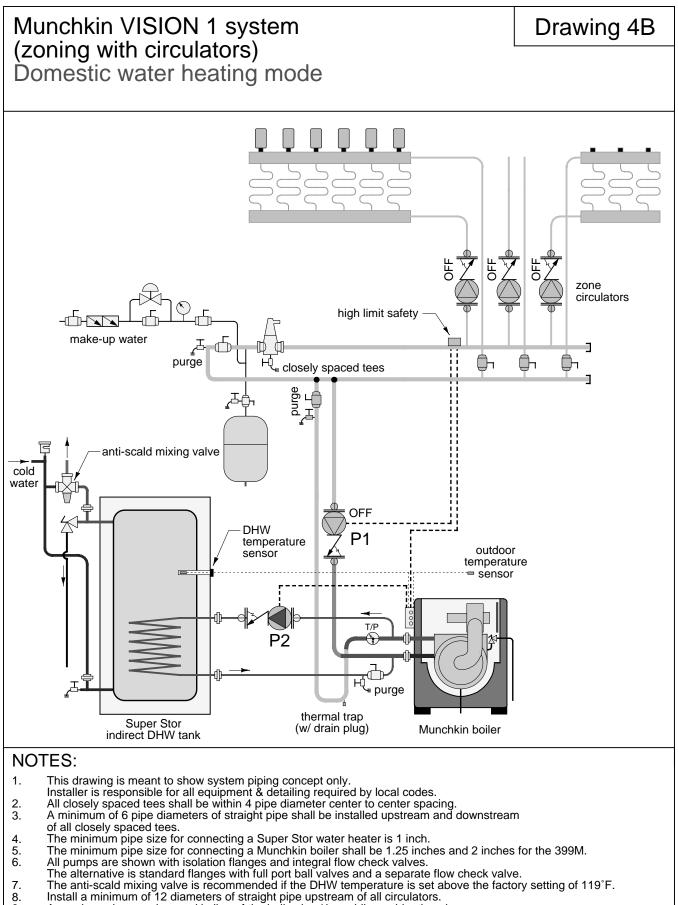
D. BOILER PIPING DETAILS WITH THE VISION I SYSTEM



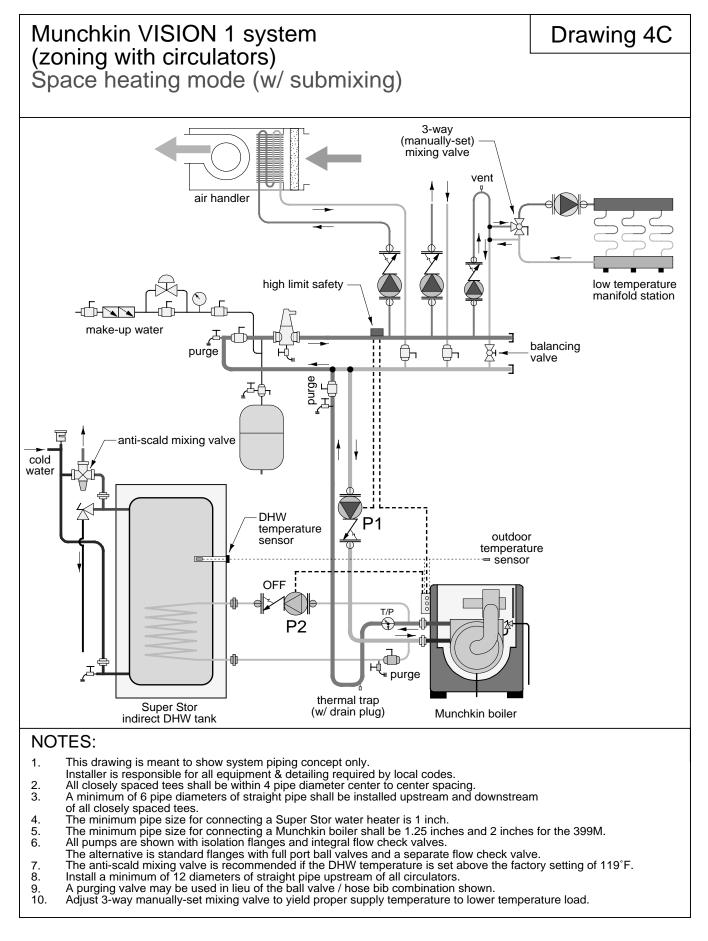


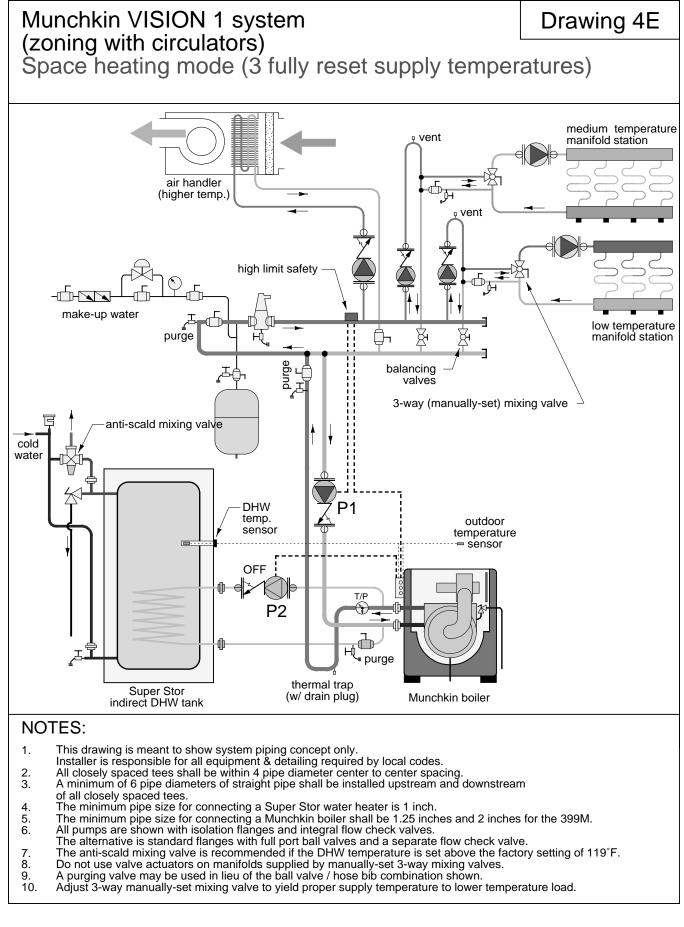




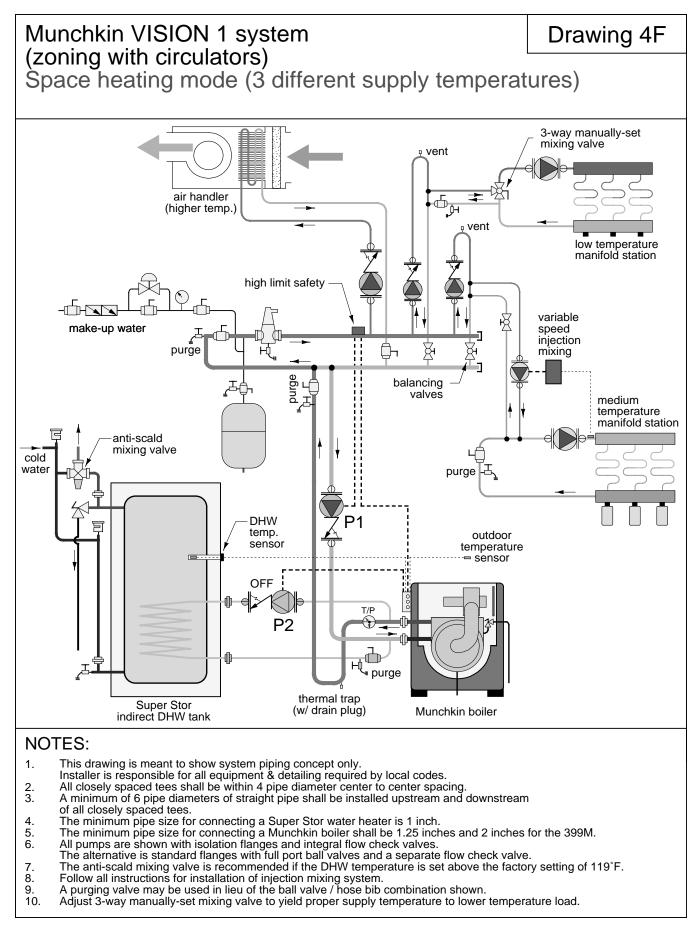


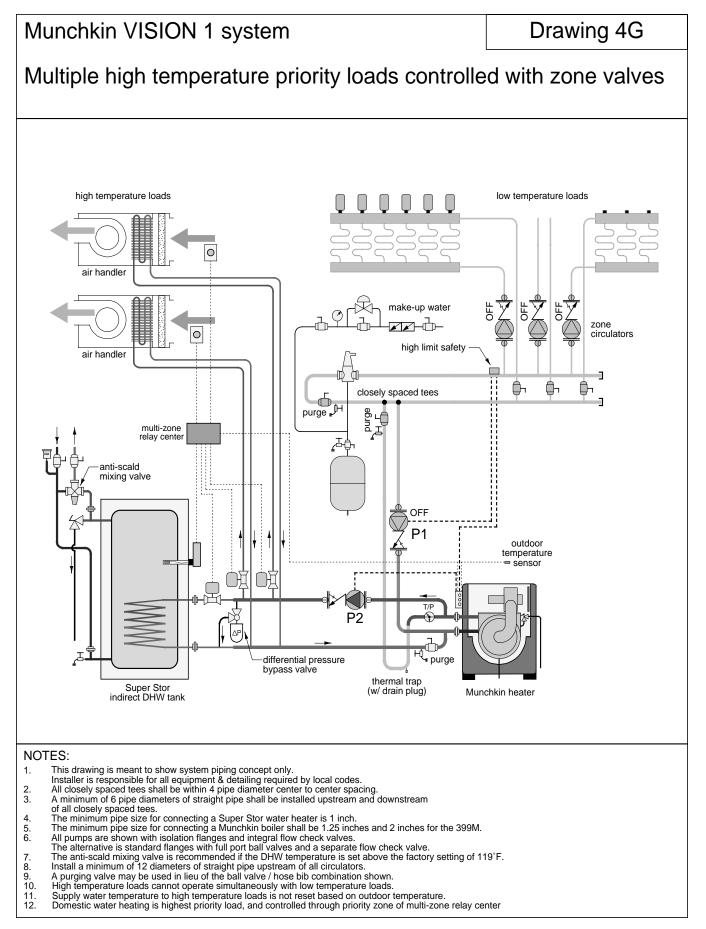
- 7.
- 8.
- 9. A purging valve may be used in lieu of the ball valve / hose bib combination shown.



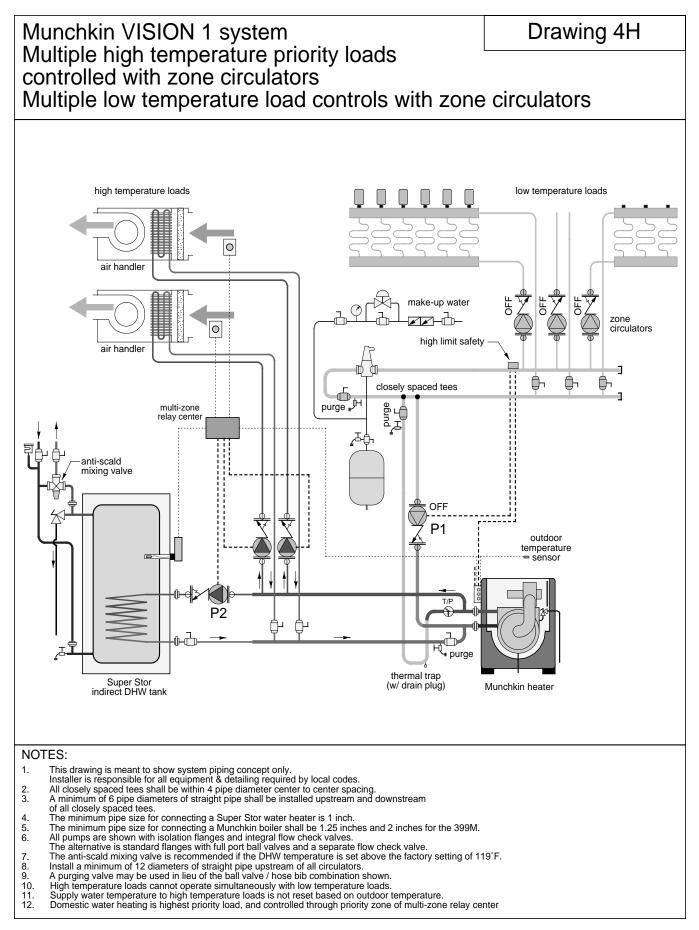


Boiler Manual





Boiler Manual



PART 7: VENTING, COMBUSTION AIR & CONDENSATE REMOVAL

\Lambda DANGER

Munchkin Boiler must be vented as detailed in Venting section Part 7. Ensure the exhaust and intake piping comply with these instructions regarding vent system.

Inspect finished combustion air intake and exhaust piping thoroughly to ensure all joints are well secured and airtight and comply with all applicable code requirements, as well as with the instructions provided in this manual. Failure to provide a properly installed vent system will cause severe personal injury or death.

A. INSTALLING EXHAUST VENT AND INTAKE AIR VENT

This vent system will operate with a positive pressure in the pipe. Do not connect vent connectors serving appliances vented by natural draft into any portion of mechanical draft systems operating under positive pressure.

Follow the venting instructions below carefully. Failure to do so may result in severe personal injury, death, or substantial property damage.

B. GENERAL

- Install the boiler venting system in accordance with these instructions and with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, CAN/CGA B149, and/or applicable provisions of local building codes.
- 2. This boiler is a direct vent appliance and is listed as a Category IV appliance with Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. VENT AND INTAKE AIR PIPE

C. APPROVED MATERIALS FOR EXHAUST VENT AND INTAKE AIR VENT

1. Use only Non Foam Core venting material. The following materials are approved for use as vent pipe for this boiler:

Table 7.1

	APPROVED VENTING MATERIAL						
ltem	Material	Standards for Installation in:					
Item	INIGLETICI	United States	Canada				
Vent or	PVC schedule 40/80	ANSI/ASTM D1785	CPVC and PVC venting must be ULC-S636 Certified. IPEX is an				
air pipe	PVC-DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2665	approved manufacturer				
fittings	CPVC schedule 40/80	ANSI/ASTM F441	in Canada supplying vent material listed to ULC-S636				
Pipe	, PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2564	IPEX System 636				
cement/ primer	CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F493	Cements & Primers				

A WARNING

Do not use Foam Core Pipe in any portion of the exhaust piping from this boiler. Use of Foam Core Pipe may result in severe personal injury, death, or substantial property damage.

- 2. Cellular foam core piping may be used on air inlet piping only. Never use cellular foam core material for exhaust vent piping.
 - D. EXHAUST VENT AND INTAKE AIR VENT PIPE LOCATION

A WARNING

Both exhaust and intake air vents must exit from the same side of the building to assure correct appliance operation.

- 1. Determine exhaust vent location:
 - a. The vent piping for this boiler is approved for zero clearance to combustible construction.
 - b. See illustration within this section of clearances for location of exit terminals of direct-vent venting systems.
 - c. This boiler vent system shall terminate at least 3 feet (0.9 m) above any forced air intake located within 10 ft (3 m). Note: this does not apply to the combustion air intake of a direct-vent appliance.

- d. Provide a minimum of 1 foot distance from any door, operable window, or gravity intake into any building.
- e. Provide a minimum of 1 foot clearance from the bottom of the exhaust above the expected snow accumulation level. Snow removal may be necessary to maintain clearance.
- f. Provide 4 feet horizontal clearance from electrical meters, gas meters, gas regulators, relief equipment, exhaust fans and inlets. In no case shall the exit terminal be above or below the aforementioned equipment unless the 4 foot horizontal distance is maintained.
- g. Do not locate the exhaust over public walkways where condensate could drip and/or freeze and create a nuisance or hazard.
- h. When adjacent to a public walkway, locate exit terminal at least 7 feet above grade.
- i. Do not locate the exhaust directly under roof overhangs to prevent icicles from forming.

- j. Provide 4 feet clearance from the inside corner of vertical walls, chimneys, etc., as well as horizontal corners created by roof overhangs.
- 2. Determine air intake vent location.
 - a. Provide 1 foot clearance from the bottom of the intake air vent and the level of maximum snow accumulation. Snow removal may be necessary to maintain clearances.
 - b. Do not locate intake air vent in a parking area where machinery may damage the pipe.
 - c. When venting with a two pipe system, maximum distance between intake air vent and exhaust vent is 6 feet (1.8 m). Minimum distance between exhaust vent and intake air vent on single boiler is 8" (0.2 m) center-to-center. Minimum distance between exhaust vents and intake air vents on multiple boilers is 8" (0.2 m) center-to-center.

MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

Location of exit terminals of mechanical draft and direct-vent venting systems.

(Reference: National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 2002).

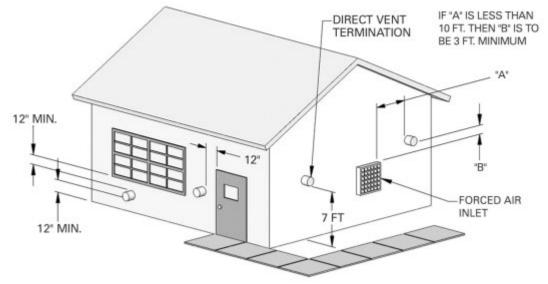


Fig. 7-2

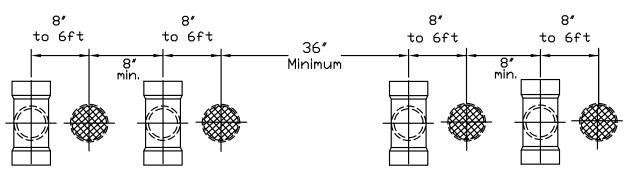


Fig. 7-3 Multiple Vent Spacing*

*Note: Exhaust must extend out 1 foot. There should be no more than 2 vents and 2 intakes then a space of 36" to the next set of vents.

*Note: There must be a minimum of 36" spacing between every 2 kit grouping.

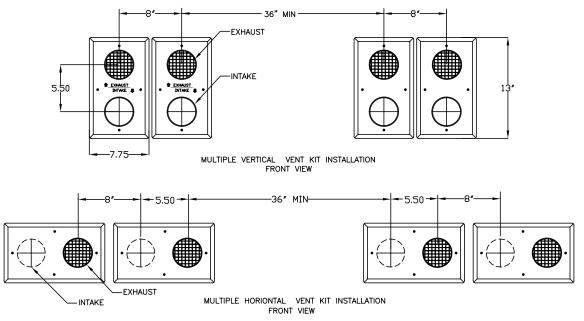


Fig. 7-4 Multiple Stainless Steel Horizontal Vent Kit Installation – Front View

E. EXHAUST VENT AND INTAKE AIR VENT SIZING

- 1. The exhaust vent and intake air vent pipes should be 2" for the T50/T80, 3" for the 80M/140M/199M and 4" for the 399M.
- 2. The total combined equivalent length of exhaust vent and intake air pipe should not exceed 85 feet.
 - a. The equivalent length of elbows, tees, and other fittings are listed in the Friction Loss Table 7.6.

Table 7.6

FRICTION LOSS EQUIVALENT IN PIPING AND FITTINGS				
FITTINGS OR PIPING EQUIVALENT FEET				
	2"	3"	4"	6"
90 DEGREE ELBOW*	5'	5'	3'	3'
45 DEGREE ELBOW	3'	3'	1'	1'
COUPLING	0'	0'	0'	0'
AIR INLET TEE	0'	0'	0'	0'
STRAIGHT PIPE	1'	1'	1'	1'
CONCENTRIC VENT KIT	3'	3'	N/A	N/A
V500 2" VENT KIT	1'	N/A	N/A	N/A
V1000 3" VENT KIT	N/A	1'	1'	1'
V2000 4" VENT KIT	N/A	1'	1'	1'

*Friction loss for long radius elbow is 1 foot less.

 b. For example: If the exhaust vent has two 90° elbows and 10 feet of PVC pipe we will calculate:

Exhaust Vent Pipe Equivalent Length = (2x5)+10=20 feet

Further, if the intake air vent pipe has two 90° elbows, one 45° elbow and 10 feet of PVC pipe, the following calculation applies:

Intake Air Vent Pipe Equivalent Length = (2x5)+3+10=23 feet

Finally, if a concentric vent kit is used we find:

Total Combined Equivalent Length = 20+23+3=46 feet

Therefore, the total combined equivalent length is 46 feet which is well below the maximum of 85 feet.

c. The intake air vent pipe and the exhaust vent are intended to penetrate the same wall or roof of the building.

- d. Effort should be made to keep a minimum difference in equivalent length between the intake air vent pipe and the exhaust vent.
- 3. The minimum combined equivalent length is 16 equivalent feet.

F. LONGER VENT RUNS

- 1. The maximum combined equivalent length can be extended by increasing the diameter of both exhaust vent and intake air vent pipe equally. However, the transitions should begin a minimum of 15 equivalent feet from the boiler.
 - a. The maximum equivalent length for the increased diameter vent pipes is 125 feet.
 - b. Transitions should always be made in vertical sections of pipe to prevent the condensate from pooling in the vent pipe.

Table 7.7: Vent Run Transition

Vent Connection	Reducing Coupling	Vent Transition
2"	3" x 2"	3"
3"	4" x 3"	4"
4"	6" x 4"	6"

c. If the transition occurs at a distance greater than 15 equivalent feet from the boiler, the maximum equivalent length will be reduced. See Table 7.8.

Table 7.8: Vent Termination Kits

Transition Point (ft from boiler)	TEL of Standard 2" Vent Pipe (ft)	TEL of Oversized 2", 3" or 4" Vent Pipe (ft)	Maximum TEL of all Vent Pipe (ft)		
15	30	95	125		
20	40	77-1/2	117-1/2		
25	50	60-1/2	110-1/2		
30	60	43	103		
35	70	26	96		
40	80	8-1/2	88-1/2		
None	85	0	85		
TEL - Total Equivalent Length					

TEL = Total Equivalent Length

G. EXHAUST VENT AND INTAKE AIR PIPE INSTALLATION

1. Remove all burrs and debris from joints and fittings.

2. All joints must be properly cleaned, primed, and cemented. Use only cement and primer approved for use with the pipe material. See Approved Venting Material, page 43.

All joints of positive pressure vent systems must be sealed completely to prevent leakage of flue products into the living space.

- 3. Horizontal lengths of exhaust vent must slope back towards the boiler not less than ¹/₄" per foot to allow condensate to drain from the vent pipe. If the exhaust pipe must be piped around an obstacle that results in the creation of a low point, condensate will collect in this low point and form a blockage. This condensate must be drained away using a field-installed condensate drain assembly as shown.
- 4. All piping must be fully supported. Use pipe hangers at a minimum of 4 foot intervals to prevent sagging of the pipe where condensate may form.
- 5. Do not use the boiler to support any piping.
- 6. A screened straight coupling is provided with the boiler for use as an outside exhaust termination.
- 7. A screened inlet air tee is provided with the boiler to be used as an outside intake termination.
- 8. The following information on Table 7.9 are optional intake air/exhaust vent terminations available from Heat Transfer Products, Inc.

Stock Code
KGAVT0501CVT
KGAVT0601CVT
V500
V1000
V2000

Table 7.9: Vent Termination Kits

G. HEATER REMOVAL FROM A COMMON VENT SYSTEM

At the time of removal of an existing heater, the following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to common venting system are not operating.

- 1. Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.
- 2. Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch to determine if there is blockage, leakage, corrosion or other deficiencies that could cause an unsafe condition.
- 3. If practical, close all building doors, windows and all doors between the space in which the appliance remains connected to the common venting system located and other spaces in the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliances not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close all fireplace dampers.
- 4. Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust the thermostat so the appliance will operate continuously.
- 5. Test for spillage at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle or smoke from a cigarette.
- 6. After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas burning appliance to their previous condition of use.
- 7. Any improper operation of the common venting system should be corrected so the installation conforms with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1. When resizing any portion of the common venting system, the common venting system should be resized to approach the minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables in Appendix G in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z 223.1

I. CONDENSATE REMOVAL SYSTEM

This is a condensing high efficiency appliance, therefore this unit has a condensate removal system. Condensate is nothing more than water vapor, derived from the combustion products, similar to an automobile when it is initially start-

ed. It is very important that the condensate line is sloped away from the boiler and down to a suitable inside drain, if the condensate outlet on the Munchkin Boiler is lower than the drain, you must use a condensate removal pump (kit P/N 554200 available from Heat Transfer Products, Inc.) A condensate filter, if required by local authorities can be made up of lime crystals, marble or phosphate chips will neutralize the condensate. This can be done in the field by the installer or you may purchase one from Heat Transfer Products, Inc. (P/N N1100) It is also very important that the condensate line is not exposed to freezing temperatures, or any other type of blockage. Plastic tubing must be the only material used for the condensate line. Steel, brass, copper or others will be subject to corrosion or deterioration. A second vent may be necessary to prevent condensate line vacuum lock if a long horizontal run is used. Also, an increase in pipe size may be necessary to drain properly. Support of the condensation line may be necessary to avoid blockage of the condensate flow.

CAUTION

The condensate line must remain unobstructed, allowing free flow of condensate. If condensate is allowed to freeze in the line or if the line is obstructed in any other manor, condensate can exit from the boiler tee, resulting in potential water damage to property.

NOTICE

Use materials approved by the authority having jurisdiction. In the absence of other authority, PVC and CPVC pipe must comply with ASTM.

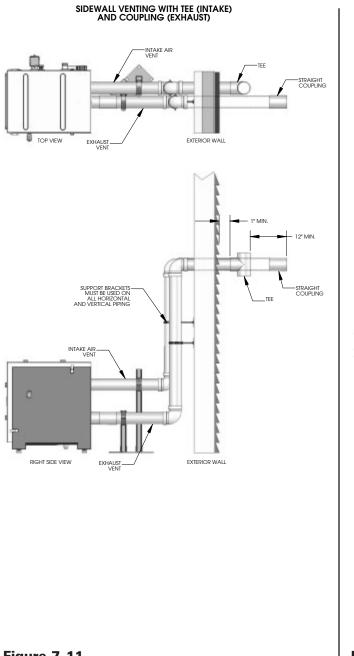
When installing a condensate pump, select one approved for use with condensing boilers and furnaces. The pump should have an overflow switch to prevent property damage from condensate spillage.

Condensate from the Munchkin Boiler will be slightly acidic (typically with a pH from 3.2 to 4.5). Install a neutralizing filter if required by local codes.

Table 7.10

	APPROVED VENTING MATERIAL						
ltem	Material	Standards for Installation in:					
Item	Ivialeriai	United States	Canada				
Vent or	PVC schedule 40/80	ANSI/ASTM D1785	CPVC and PVC venting must be ULC-S636 Certified.				
air pipe and	PVC-DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2665	IPEX is an approved manufacturer in				
fittings	CPVC schedule 40/80	ANSI/ASTM F441	Canada supplying vent material listed to ULC-S636				
Pipe	PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2564	IPEX System 636 Cements &				
cement/ primer	CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F493	Primers				

J. DIAGRAMS FOR SIDEWALL VENTING



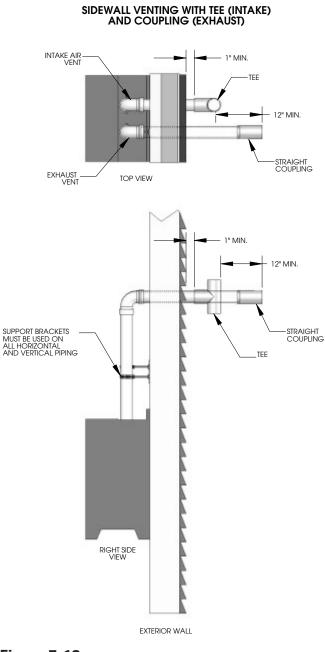


Figure 7-11

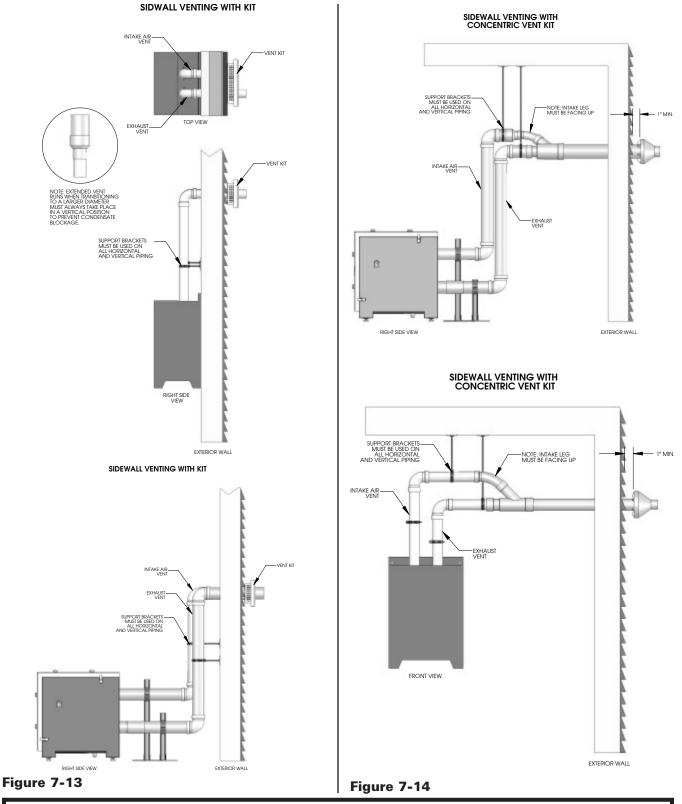


GENERAL NOTE: All vent pipes must be glued, properly supported and the exhaust must be pitched a minimum of a ¹/₄" per foot back to the heater (to allow drainage of condensate).

NOTE: When placing support brackets on vent piping, the first bracket must be within 1 foot of the appliance and the balance at 4 foot invervals on the vent pipe. The boiler venting must be readily accessible for visual inspection for the first three feet from the boiler.

MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

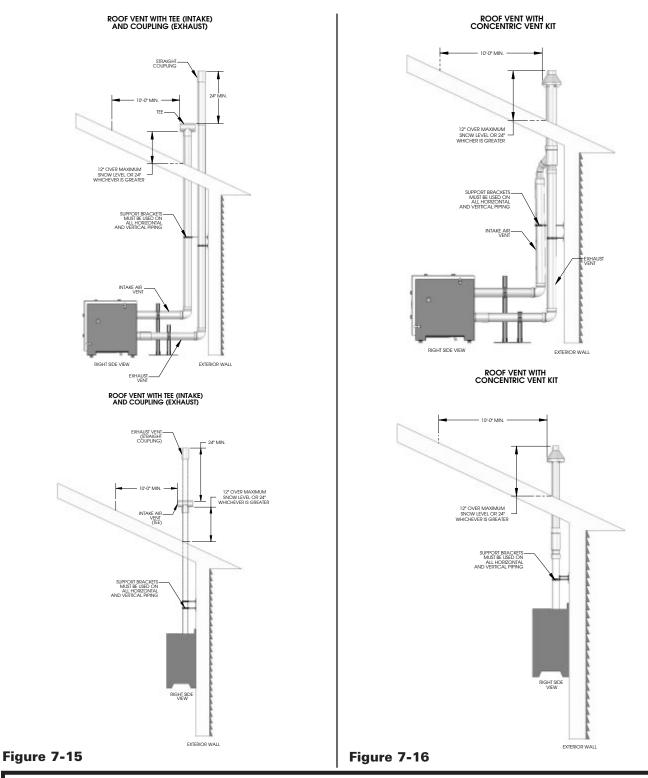
Boiler Manual



NOTE: When placing support brackets on vent piping, the first bracket must be within 1 foot of the appliance and the balance at 4 foot invervals on the vent pipe. The boiler venting must be readily accessible for visual inspection for the first three feet from the boiler.

GENERAL NOTE: All vent pipes must be glued, properly supported and the exhaust must be pitched a minimum of a ¹/₄" per foot back to the heater (to allow drainage of condensate).

K. DIAGRAMS FOR VERTICAL VENTING



NOTE: When placing support brackets on vent piping, the first bracket must be within 1 foot of the appliance and the balance at 4 foot invervals on the vent pipe. The boiler venting must be readily accessible for visual inspection for the first three feet from the boiler.

GENERAL NOTE: All vent pipes must be glued, properly supported and the exhaust must be pitched a minimum of a $\frac{1}{4}$ " per foot back to the heater (to allow drainage of condensate).

PART 8: GAS PIPING

Failure to follow all precautions could result in fire, explosion or death!

A. GAS CONNECTION

The gas supply shall have a maximum inlet pressure of less than 14" water column (350 mm), ½ pound pressure (3.5 kPa), and a minimum of 3.5" water column. The entire piping system, gas meter and regulator must be sized properly to prevent pressure drop greater than 0.5" as stated in the National Fuel Gas Code. This information is listed on the rating plate.

A WARNING

It is very important that you are connected to the type of gas as noted on the rating plate. "LP" for liquefied petroleum, propane gas or, "Nat" natural or city gas. All gas connections must be approved by the local gas supplier, or utility in addition to the governing authority, prior to turning the gas supply on.

The nipple provided is $\frac{1}{2}$ with a factory installed 3/4" bell reducer. Do not remove this 3/4" x 1/2" bell reducer! It is mandatory that this fitting is used for connection to a field fabricated drip leg as shown in the illustration above per the National Fuel Gas Code. You must ensure that the entire gas line to the connection at the Munchkin is no smaller than 3/4". Once all the inspections have been performed, the piping must be leak tested. If the leak test requirement is a higher test pressure than the maximum inlet pressure, you must isolate the Munchkin from the gas line. In order to do this, you must shut the gas off using factory and field-installed gas cocks. This will prevent high pressure. Failure to do so may damage the gas valve. In the event the gas valve is exposed to a pressure greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ PSI, 14" water column, the gas valve must be replaced. Never use an open flame (match, lighter, etc.) to check gas connections.

B. GAS PIPING

- 1. Run the gas supply line in accordance with all applicable codes.
- 2. Locate and install manual shutoff valves in

accordance with state and local requirements.

C. GAS TABLE

Refer to Table 8.1 to size the supply piping to minimize pressure drop between meter or regulator and unit.

Maximum Capacity of Pipe in Cubic Feet of Gas per Hour for Gas Pressures of 0.5 psi or Less and a Pressure Drop of 0.3 Inch water Column

Table 8-1	(Based	on a	0.60 \$	Specific	Gravity	Gas)
	Duscu	un u	0.00 0	peomo	Gravity	Gusj

Nominal Iron Pipe Size	Internal Diameter	r		Leng	jth of F	Pipe (Fe	et)		
(inches)	(inches)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	-
3/4	.824	278	190	152	130	115	105	96 ')	BTU'S
1	1.049	520	350	285	245	215	195	180	PER
1 1/4	1.380	1,050	730	590	500	440	400	370 (HOUR
1 1/2	1.610	1,600	1,100	890	760	670	610	560 J	x1,000
		80	90	100	125	150	175	200	_
3/4	.824	90	84	79	72	64	59	55 J	BTU'S
1	1.049	170	160	150	130	120	110	100	PER
1 1/4	1.380	350	320	305	275	250	225	210	HOUR
1 1/2	1.610	530	490	460	410	380	350	320 ,	x1,000

It is recommended that a soapy solution be used to detect leaks. Bubbles will appear on the pipe to indicate a leak is present. The gas piping must be sized for the proper flow and length of pipe, to avoid pressure drop. Both the gas meter and the gas regulator must be properly sized for the total gas load. If you experience a pressure drop greater than 1" WC, the meter, regulator or gas line is undersized or in need of service. You can attach a manometer to the incoming gas drip leg, by removing the cap and installing the manometer. The gas pressure must remain between 3.5" and 14" during stand-by (static) mode and while in operating (dynamic) mode. If an in-line regulator is used, it must be a minimum of 10 feet from the Munchkin. It is very important that the gas line is properly purged by the gas supplier or utility. Failure to properly purge the lines or improper line sizing, will result in ignition failure. This problem is especially noticeable in NEW LP installations and also in empty tank situations. This can also occur when a utility company shuts off

PART 8: GAS PIPING (CONTINUED)

service to an area to provide maintenance to their lines. This gas valve must not be replaced with a conventional gas valve under any circumstances.

D. DUNGS GAS VALVE

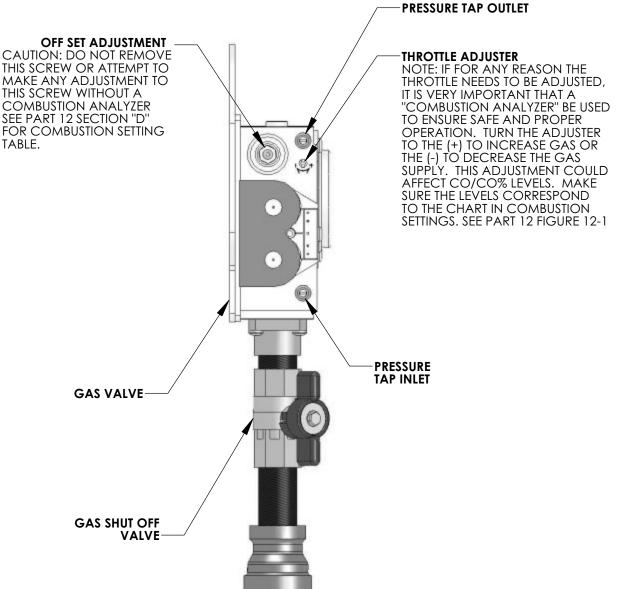


Fig. 8-2

As an additional safety feature, this gas valve has a flanged connection to the swirl plate and blower.

PART 8: GAS PIPING (CONTINUED)

E. GAS VALVE CONVERSION

A DANGER

ONLY AN HTP, U.L. APPROVED GAS VALVE CONVERSION KIT SHOULD BE USED TO DO A GAS CONVERSION ON THIS UNIT. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD ANYONE OTHER THAN A LICENCED CONTRACTOR PERFORM THIS GAS VALVE CONVERSION.

FAILURE TO HEED THIS PRECAUTION WILL RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH!

Gas conversion kits may be ordered through your local Heat Transfer Products Inc. Distributor.

PART 9: FIELD WIRING

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD — For your safety, turn off electrical power supply at service entrance panel before making any electrical connections to avoid possible electric shock hazard. Failure to do so can cause severe personal injury or death.

NOTICE

Wiring must be N.E.C. Class 1.

If original wiring as supplied with boiler must be replaced, use only TEW 105 °C wire or equivalent.

Boiler must be electrically grounded as required by National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70 latest edition.

A. INSTALLATION MUST COMPLY WITH:

- 1. National Electrical Code and any other national, state, provincial or local codes or regulations.
- 2. In Canada, CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, and any local codes.

B. FIELD WIRING

The Munchkin Boiler box has a 24 volt terminal

strip on the boiler cabinet and 120 volt terminal strip enclosed in the electrical box. Each terminal connection is clearly marked to assure correct installation.

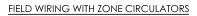
C. LINE VOLTAGE WIRING

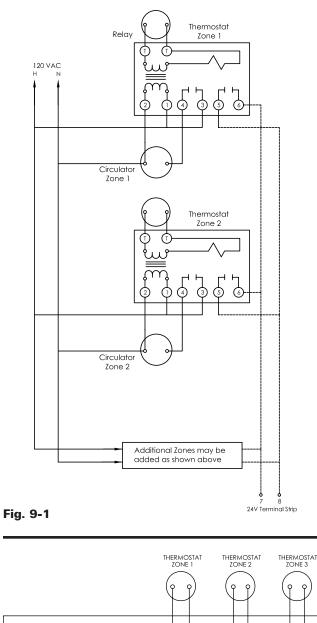
- 1. Connect 120 VAC power wiring to the line voltage terminal strip located inside the electric junction box, as shown in figure 9.5.
- 2. Wire the Boiler Primary Circulator (P1) to the terminal strip. See wiring diagram in this section.

D. THERMOSTAT

- 1. Connect room thermostat or end switch
- 2. Install thermostat on inside wall away from influences of drafts, hot or cold water pipes, lighting fixtures, television, sunrays or fireplaces.
- 3. Thermostat anticipator (if applicable):
 - a. If connected directly to boiler, set for 0.1 amps.
 - b. If connected to relays or other devices, set to match total electrical power requirements of connected devices. See specifications of the device and thermostat instructions for details.

PART 9: FIELD WIRING (CONTINUED)





R C TI TI

PR C1 C1

ZONE 1 CIRCULATOR

TYPICAL ZONE RELAY PANEL WIRING

PR

T3 T3

C3 C3

6

γ

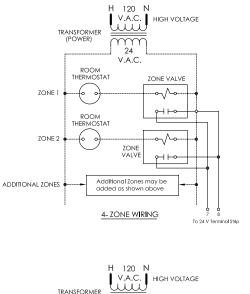
ZONE 3 CIRCULATOR

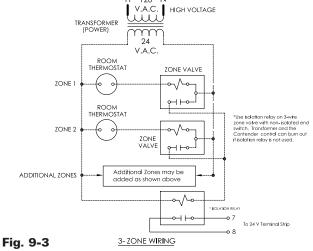
T2 T2

C2 C2

9 9

ZONE 2 CIRCULATOR





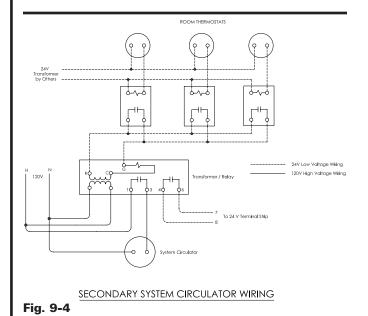


Fig. 9-2

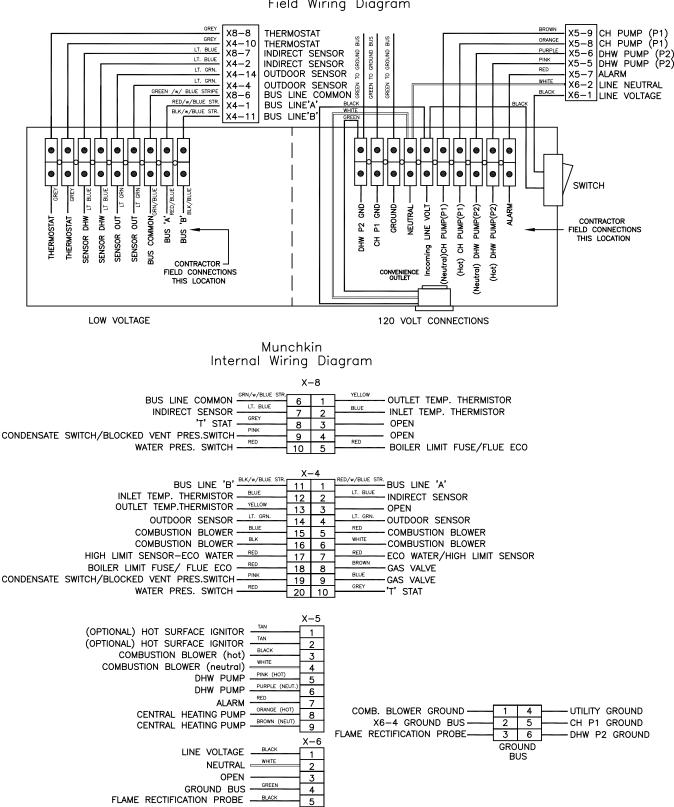
N H 120 VAC

L2 ZC L1 X1 X2

7

24V TERMINAL STRIP

PART 9: FIELD WIRING (CONTINUED)



Munchkin Field Wiring Diagram

PART 10: FIELD WIRING - VISION 1

Outdoor Sensor Function The user can program the desired supply temperature based on the heat transmitter (Baseboard, Radiant Floor, Air Handler) that will be used in the installation. Once the outdoor sensor (Light Green Wires) is connected to the control board, the water temperature of the boiler will adjust to run the boiler more efficiently and provide greater comfort to the living space.

Connection Specification - Wire 22 AWG maximum to 100 feet or 18 AWG up to 150 feet. Length of wire run cannot exceed 150 feet.

Outdoor Sensor is connected on the terminal strip in the junction box on the Munchkin Boiler. Route wires from the Munchkin Boiler terminal strip to your outdoor sensor, which will allow the control to change the temperature going to the Central Heating loop automatically. Place the outdoor sensor preferably to the north or northwest or to the side which will be affected by changing weather conditions outside. NOTE: Do not locate the sensor in the direct sunlight.

CAUTION

The wire to outdoor sensor must not be laid closer than 6' to line voltage wiring (120/240 V) and must never be in the same conduit.

Indirect Sensor Function: The run time on priority function for the Super Stor Ultra Indirect Fired Water Heater is from 0-60 minutes, and can also be adjusted by the installer with the control panel. The water temperature can be adjusted when using a sensor only (not a mechanical control). Temperature adjustments are from 95 to 185 degrees, plus a differential of 1-18 degrees (Note: It is recommend that you do not exceed 5 minutes on the DHW pump post purge cycle to avoid cooling down your DHW tank).

Indirect Sensor is connected to the terminal strip on the Munchkin Boiler. Route wires from the terminal strip to the sensor or to a mechanical control Honeywell Part *#* L4080b-1395 (Not included in Vision I Package). Install the sensor into the control well located in the front of the water heater. This will allow the installer to con-

trol the temperature of the indirect water heater from the Munchkin Boiler and give the water heater priority over the Central Heating Circuit. Once the Water Heater is satisfied, the boiler will then switch back to the Central Heating Circuit only if there is a call for heat, otherwise the Munchkin Boiler will then shut down.

<u>Connection Specification for Pumps and</u> <u>Alarms – Wire 18 AWG minimum. Length of</u> <u>wire run cannot exceed 100 feet.</u>

Indirect Circulator (P2) Program function: The indirect water heater circulator output program function will automatically start when the water heater sensor reads a call for heat, the installer can program the post purge function on the circulator. The Post purge circulator function time ranges from 0-30 minutes.

Indirect Circulator (P2) is connected to the terminal strip in the junction box on the Munchkin Boiler. Run the wire from the Super Stor Ultra Indirect circulating pump. <u>The purple wire will be your neutral lead</u> and the <u>pink wire will be your hot</u>. This will supply 120 volts to the water heater circulator directly.

Fault Code Alarm Function

If there is a lockout fault present on the Munchkin Boiler Control, a 120 volt output is activated. This is useful when you have a remote display that will notify you of a fault condition or if you have auxiliary equipment that needs to shut down in the event of a lockout.

Fault Code Alarm Function

Connect the fault annunciator or lights to the alarm output on the Munchkin Boiler terminal strip and the incoming neutral line in the junction box. NOTE: The annunciator or light must be rated for 120 volt ac. To use devices with ratings other than 120 volt ac a relay may be employed.

CAUTION

Do not tie neutrals or hot wire leads to any other wires, go directly from the Munchkin Boiler controller to the circulator.

PART 11. START-UP PREPARATION

A. CHECK/CONTROL WATER CHEMISTRY

A WARNING

Do not use petroleum-based cleaning or sealing compounds in boiler system. Damage to elastomer seals and gaskets in system could occur, resulting in substantial property damage.

Water pH between 6.0 and 8.0

- 1. Maintain boiler water pH between 6.0 and 8.0. Check with litmus paper or have chemically analyzed by water treatment company.
- 2. If pH differs from above, consult local water treatment company for treatment needed.

Hardness less than 7 grains.

1. Consult local water treatment companies for unusually hard water areas (above 7 grains hardness).

Chlorine concentration less than 200 ppm

- 1. Filling with chlorinated fresh water should be acceptable since drinking water chlorine levels are typically less than 5 ppm.
- 2. Do not use the boiler to directly heat swimming pool or spa water.
- 3. Do not fill boiler or operate with water containing chlorine in excess of 200 ppm.

Clean system to remove sediment

- You must thoroughly flush the system (without boiler connected) to remove sediment. The high-efficiency heat exchanger can be damaged by buildup or corrosion due to sediment.
- 2. For zoned systems, flush each zone separately through a purge valve. (If purge valves and isolation valves are not already installed, install them to properly clean the system.)
- 3. Flush system until water runs clean and you are sure piping is free of sediment.

Test/replace freeze protection fluid

- 1. For systems using freeze protection fluids, follow fluid manufacturer's instructions to verify inhibitor level and that other fluid characteristics are satisfactory.
- 2. Freeze protection fluid must be replaced period-

ically due to degradation of inhibitors over time. Follow all fluid manufacturer's instructions.

B. FREEZE PROTECTION (WHEN USED)

A WARNING

NEVER use automotive or standard glycol antifreeze, even ethylene glycol made for hydronic systems. Use only freeze-prevention fluids certified by fluid manufacturer as suitable for use with stainless steel boilers, verified in fluid manufacturer's literature.

Throroughly clean and flush any system that has has used glycol before installing the new Boiler.

Provide boiler owner with a material safety data sheet (MSDS) on the fluid used.

- 1. Determine freeze protection fluid quantity using total system water content, following fluid manufacturer's instructions. Remember to include expansion tank water content.
- 2. Local codes may require back flow preventer or actual disconnect from city water supply.
- 3. When using freeze protection fluid with automatic fill, install a water meter to monitor water makeup. Freeze protection fluid may leak before the water begins to leak, causing concentration to drop, reducing the freeze protection level.

C. FILL AND TEST WATER SYSTEM

- 1. Fill system only after ensuring the water meets the requirements of this manual.
- 2. Close manual and automatic air vents and boiler drain valve.
- 3. Fill to correct system pressure. Correct pressure will vary with each application.
 - a. Typical cold water fill pressure for a residential system is 12 psi.
 - b. Pressure will rise when boiler is turned on and system water temperature increases. Operating pressure must never exceed 25 psig.
- 4. At initial fill and during boiler startup and testing, check system thoroughly for any leaks. Repair all leaks before proceeding further.

PART 11. START-UP PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

Eliminate all system leaks. Continual fresh make-up water will reduce boiler life. Minerals can build up in the heat exchanger, reducing heat transfer, overheating heat exchanger, and causing heat exchanger failure.

5. The system may have residual substances that could affect water chemistry. After the system has been filled and leak tested, verify water pH and chlorine concentrations are acceptable.

A CAUTION

It is important that you purge the system of air to avoid damage to the boiler.

D. PURGE AIR FROM WATER SYSTEM

- 1. Purge air from system:
 - a. Connect a hose to the purge valve and route hose to an area where water can drain and be seen.
 - b. Close the boiler or system isolation valve between the purge valve and fill connection to the system.
 - c. Close zone isolation valves.
 - d. Open quick-fill valve on cold water makeup line.
 - e. Open purge valve.
 - f. One zone at a time, open the isolation valves. Allow water to run through the zone, pushing out the air. Run until no noticeable air flow is present. Close the zone isolation valves and proceed with the next zone. Follow this procedure until all zones are purged.
 - g. Close the quick-fill water valve and purge valve and remove the hose. Open all isolation valves. Watch that system pressure rises to correct cold-fill pressure.
 - h. After the system has operated for a while, eliminate any residual air by using the manual air vents located throughout the system.
 - i. If purge valves are not installed in system, open manual air vents in system

one at a time, beginning with lowest floor. Close vent when water squirts out. Repeat with remaining vents.

j. Refill to correct pressure.

E. CHECK FOR GAS LEAKS

Before starting the boiler, and during initial operation, smell near the floor and around the boiler for gas odorant or any unusual odor. Remove boiler front door and smell interior of boiler enclosure. Do not proceed with startup if there is any indication of a gas leak. Repair any leak at once.

A WARNING

Propane boilers only — Your propane supplier mixes an odorant with the propane to make its presence detectable. In some instances, the odorant can fade, and the gas may no longer have an odor. Before startup (and periodically thereafter), have the propane supplier verify the correct odorant level in the gas.

F. CHECK THERMOSTAT CIRCUIT(S)

- 1. Disconnect the two external wires connected to the boiler thermostat terminals (low voltage terminal strip terminals 5 and 6).
- 2. Connect a voltmeter across these two incoming wires. Close each thermostat, zone valve and relay in the external circuit one at a time and check the voltmeter reading across the incoming wires.
- 3. There should NEVER be a voltage reading.
- 4. If a voltage does occur under any condition, check and correct the external wiring. (This is a common problem when using 3-wire zone valves.)
- 5. Once the external thermostat circuit wiring is checked and corrected if necessary, reconnect the external thermostat circuit wires to boiler low voltage terminal strip Allow the boiler to cycle.

PART 11. START-UP PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

G. CHECK CONDENSATE REMOVAL

- 1. The Munchkin Boiler is a high efficiency condensing boiler, there, the unit has a condensation drain. Condensate is nothing more than water vapor, derived from combustion products, similar to an automobile when it is initially started. The condensation is slightly acidic (typically with pH of 3 to 5) and must be piped with the correct materials. Never pipe the condensate using steel, copper, brass or other materials that will be subject to corrosion. Plastic PVC or CPVC pipe are the only approved materials. A condensate filter, if required by local authorities, can be made up of lime crystal,s marble or phosphate chips that will neutralize the condensate. This may be done by the installer or you may purchase a condensate neutralizer from Heat Transfer Products, Inc. (P/N N1100)
- 2. The Munchkin Boiler is equipped with a ³/₄ pipe connection that runs the condensation line to a local drain. It is very important that the condensate line is sloped away from the heater and down to a suitable inside drain. If the condensate outlet is lower than the drain, you must use a condensate removal pump, available at Heat Transfer Products (#554200). This pump is equipped with two leads that can be connected to an alarm or another type of warning device to alert residents of a condensate overflow, which, if not corrected, could cause property damage.

PART 12. START-UP PROCEDURE

FOR YOUR OWN SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

- This appliance does not have pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- BEFORE OPERATING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas suppliers' instructions.

- 3. The Munchkin Boiler is equipped with an internal vent on the top plug connection to assure adequate flow of condensate. This vent should never be blocked.
- 4. If a long horizontal run is used, it may be necessary to create a second vent to prevent a vacuum lock in the condensate line. Do not expose the condensate to freezing temperatures.
- 5. Do not expose the condensate to freezing temperatures.
- 6. It is very important you support the condensation line to assure proper drainage.

H. FINAL CHECKS BEFORE STARTING BOILER

- 1. Read Startup Procedures within this manual for proper steps to start boiler. (See Startup Report to record steps for future reference.)
- 2. Verify the boiler and system are full of water and all system components are correctly set for operation.
- 3. Fill condensate trap with water.
- 4. Verify electrical connections are correct and securely attached.
- Inspect intake piping and exhaust piping for signs of deterioration from corrosion, physical damage or sagging. Verify intake piping and exhaust piping are intact and correctly installed per Venting section and local code.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- 3. Turn on gas shutoff valve (located inside of the Boiler) so that the handle is aligned with the gas pipe. If the handle will not turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- 4. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
- The Munchkin Boiler shall be installed so the gas ignition system components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, rain, etc.) during appliance operation and service (circulator replacement, condensate trap, control replacement, etc.)

PART 12. START-UP PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)

A. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Remove boiler cover. If you smell gas, **STOP.** Follow listed safety instructions. If you do not smell gas, follow the next steps.

- 1. Turn on all electric power to appliance.
- Adjust the temperature setpoint of the Munchkin Boiler if desired. The factory default setting is 180°. If changes are ncessary follow "Adjusting The Munchkin Setpoint" in this section.
- 3. Set the thermostat to the desired setting.
- 4. If the appliance fails to start, refer to the Troubleshooting section in the back of this manual.

A DANGER



Water temperature over 125 degrees F. can cause severe burns instantly, or death from scalds. Children, disabled, and elderly are at highest risk of being scalded. See instruction

manual before setting temperature at water heater. Feel water before bathing or showering! Temperature limiting valves are available.

B. ADJUSTING THE SETPOINT

1. Before you can change the temperature from the factory setting of 180 degrees. You must make sure that none of the thermostats are calling for heat. The controller will not memorize a program setting while in a heating cycle. To adjust the temperature to the Munchkin simply press in the S3/Program key for three seconds until you see a flashing (C) then an alternate value of (180). This number is the factory set point of the unit, which is 180 degrees. To change the temperature, simply push either the S1/- or S2/+ on the display. The S1/- button will decrease the temperature while the S2/+ will increase the temperature of the Munchkin. The temperature of the boiler can be set as low as 50 Degrees and as high 180 Degrees. These ranges are your maximum and minimum ranges of the boiler. In addition to changing the temperature you are also allowed to change three more settings in this model (1. Munchkin differential – 2. Indirect setting (with Vision System) – 3. Celsius to Fahrenheit measurement. Simply press in the S3/Program key to get to next value, the Munchkin Boiler differential setting will appear in the display ch and alternating value of 30. This allows the installer to adjust the activation of the burner based on the differential temperature setting of the Munchkin. The burner will not start until the outlet water temperature reaches a temperature that is equal to the temperature setting for the Munchkin Boiler, minus the differential EX: The Boiler is set to heat at 180° F degrees and the differential is set at 30° F. The burner will not start until the outlet temperature of the system reaches 149° F degrees (180° -30° F = 150° F). To adjust, press either S1/– (Decrease Value) or S2/+ (Increase Value) Ranges 5° F to 30° F. Press the S3/Program key again and you will see the Indirect Setting de and an alternative value of 119 (with Vision Systems) To adjust, press either S1/- Decrease Value) or S2/+ (Increase Value).

The final adjustment in this mode is the Fahrenheit to Celcius measurement. Press the S3/Program key again and you will see t and alternating value of F. To change value press the S1/- or S2/+ to choose the correct measurement.

C. STATUS MENU

Installers are also able to check the current status of the Munchkin Boiler parameters by pressing S4/RESET key for 3 seconds. Once activated, the display will show d1 alternating value of the actual outlet temperature. Actual values are displayed for each function. To view the next value simply press the S/4 key to go to the next displayed value. Listed below are the values which can be displayed. These values cannot be changed. To exit this menu, simply press S3/Program key to resume normal operation.

Function Value

- d1 Actual Temperature from outlet sensor
- d2 Actual Temperature from inlet sensor
- d3 If using a standard mechanical control, the control will display 1 for closed 0 for open
 If the sensor is connected to the SuperStor Indirect Fired Water Heater it will measure the actual temperature. (Vision option.)
- d4 Not used

PART 12. START-UP PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)

Function Value

d5 -	 Actual Temperature from the outdoor
	sensor. (Vision option.)

- d6 Actual Fan speed multiplied by 10 (Example: If fan speed displayed is **410** RPM x 10 = 4100 actual fan speed)
- d7 Actual Ionization current read from Flame Rectification probe
- d8 Actual Status of the Central Heating Circulator Off = **0**, On = **1**. (Vision option.)
- d9 Actual Status of the Indirect Fired Circulator Off = **O**, On = **1**. (Vision option.)
- d10 Actual Status bus communication **co** = connected, **no** = not connected
- d11 Central Heating Set Point
- d12 Power On Hours in thousands (display will not read until 100 hrs.) Example: Display x 1000 = Power on Hours
 - 12.3 x 1000 = 12300 Hours)
- d13 Total Central Heat Hours in Thousands (display will not read until 100 hrs) Example: Display x 1000 = Power on Hours
 - 12.3 x 1000 = 12300 Hours
- d14 Total Domestic Hot Water Hours in Thousands (display will not read until 100 hrs) Example: Display x 1000 = Power on Hours 12.3 x 1000 = 12300 Hours
- d15 Passed Ignition Attempts in Thousands (display will not read until 100 ignition attempts) Example: Display x 1000 = Power on Hours 12.3 x 1000 = 12300 ignition attempts

D. TEST MODE

This function is intended to simplify the gas valve

adjustment if needed. Listed below are the recommended limits on each Munchkin Boiler and the Combustion Settings. Automatic modulation does not take place when the controller is in Test mode, only temperature limitation based on the Munchkin Boiler Central Heating set point. The user will be allowed to increase or decrease the fan speed by pressing in either the **S1/–** or **S2/+** keys.

To activate the test mode, press and hold the S2/+ and the S3/Program Key simultaneously. The display will show the control alternating between Ser and the fan speed (shown in a multiple of 10). The measurement of the combustion level should always be taken at the highest fan speed and the lowest fan speed. Press and hold S2 until it reaches the maximum fan speed and take your measurement. Then press and hold S1 until it reaches minimum fan speed and take your measurement. The control will automatically exit test mode in several minutes, if you wish to exit test mode sooner, press S1/- and S2/+ simultaneously for 1 second.

COMBUSTION SETTINGS ON ALL MODELS					
	Natur	al Gas	Propane LP		
	low	high	low	high	
Carbon Monoxide (CO %)	0—20 ppm	70 ppm—135 ppm	0—20 ppm	80 ppm—150 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂ %)	81/2% — 91/2%	81⁄2% — 91⁄2%	9½% — 10½%	9½% – 10½%	

Fig. 12-1

MUNCHKIN BOILER FAN SPEEDS					
BOILER	HIGH	LOW	IGNITION		
T50M	3000	1250	3000		
T80M	4250	1200	3000		
80M	3700	1600	3220		
140M	3550	1400	2765		
199M	4800	1500	2765		
399M	7700	1900	3000		

PART 13: START-UP PROCEDURES WITH THE VISION 1

The Vision I option allows the user to have one temperature for central heating and another temperature for the Super Stor Ultra Indirect Fired Water Heater. This allows the user to increase the temperature supplied to the Super Stor Ultra indirect water heater to get a fast

PART 13: START-UP PROCEDURES WITH THE VISION 1 (CONTINUED)

recovery by prioritizing the flow at a higher temperature than may be needed for the Central Heating Circuits (this will require two separate circulators). Once the Super Stor Ultra Indirect is satisfied, the Vision I system will switch back to the Central Heating Circuit to continue to heat the living space at a temperature based on outside temperature. This gives you a higher comfort level and further increases the efficiency of the Munchkin Boiler.

A. PROGRAMMING THE VISION I OPTION

The Vision I allows the installer to set system limits and the heat curve for the Munchkin Boiler. These system limits should not be changed by the user. It is important to document your settings within this manual after you program the sytem parameters so this will be recorded for future reference.

B. VISION 1 PROGRAM ACCESS

To start, press down and hold the S/3 and S/4 simultaneously for three seconds. You will notice that the display will change to 000. Then, with your S1/- key on the display press down until you see 925. This is the pass code. To confirm that the pass code is correct, you will need to press and hold the S3/Program for 1 second to confirm. If the pass code is entered incorrectly, the controller program function will be cancelled and the control returns to normal operation. If the code is entered correctly, the control will switch off the gas valve and purge fan while showing a solid ——— in the display. The display will than show a 1 alternating to de. This first function verifies that the control will address the requirements of the Superstor Indirect Fired Water Heater.

C. VISION 1 PROGRAM NAVIGATION

Next you will have to press the **S/3** key to move through each function. To increase or decrease a value, you will need to press either the **S/1**key or **S/2+** key to change the default values. If there is no key action for 1 minute, the display returns to normal operation. Changes are effective immediately but not directly stored until the **S/4** key is pressed down for 3 seconds then the new values are stored. Listed below are the variety of functions the installer can program into the Vision I System.

CAUTION

The Boiler cannot be programmed while there is a call for heat.

NOTE: See Chart 13-1 in Part 13 to set outdoor reset curve.

Default Function

- Function Value Description
 - 1 de **Not Applicable**
 - 2 149°F Not Applicable
 - 3 160°F Maximum Domestic Delivery Water Temperature Setpoint the Installer will program for SuperStor Indirect Fired Water Heater (Note: Does not apply if used with Mechanical Control) Range: 95°F to 160°F
 - 4 36°F Not Applicable
 - 5 7°F Allows the installer to change the differential in the Indirect Fired Water Heater (Does not apply if used with a Mechanical Control) Range: 1°F to 18°F
 - 6 0 Min. Allows the installer to change the Indirect Circulator Post Purge Time once the sensor is satisfied (Note: it is recommend that Circulator Post Purge Time be set no greater than 5 minutes). Range: 0 to 60 minutes
 - 7 68°F Outdoor temperature that you wish the central heating should be disabled—(warm weather shutoff) **Range: 41°F to 122°F**
 - *8 5°F Allows the installer to change the Minimum Outside Design Temperature. Range: -49°F to 32°F (See Chart 13-1 to set outdoor reset curve)
 - *9 180°F Allows the installer to change the Design Supply Water Temperature from the Munchkin based on the Minimum Outside Design Temperature **Range: 77°F to 185°F**

PART 13: START-UP PROCEDURES WITH THE VISION 1 (CONTINUED)

Default Function	Function Value	Description
*10	68°F	Allows the installer to change the Maximum Outside Design Temperature for Central Heating. Range: 95°F to 32°F
*11	95°F	Allows the installer to change the Design Supply Water Temperature from the Munchkin based on the Maximum Outside Design Temperature. Range: 32°F to 180°F
12	68° F	Allows the installer to set the low- est temperature on the Munchkin for Central Heating. Range: 32°F to 180°F
13	0 Min.	Allows the installer to change the Central Heating Circulator Post Purge Time once the thermostat is satisfied. Range 0 to 10 minutes.
14	30 Min.	Allows the installer to set the Maximum run time for the Indirect Fired Water Heater and the Minimum run time for Central Heating. Range 0 to 60 Minutes
15	0	Bus address (0=zone master 1–8 — cascade slave) (Not currently used.)
16	0	Interface Board Activation 0 = not active 1 = active WARNING: Never change the de- fault setting without the Munchkin Interface Board installed.**
17	0	Interface Board Function 0 = Building Management 1 = Enables Tekmar Modulating control. (Consult with Tekmar to assure the Tekmar Control is compati- ble)

De	fault	Function	

Function	Value	Description
18	1	Step Modulation – Regulates the burner output in 6 steps in one- minute intervals. This reduces short cycling. 1 = on 0 = off
19	185°	Indirect boiler set point (flow) Temperature default = 119° to 180°
20	1	Not applicable

* Central Heating Curve Function

The central heating demand is detected when the room thermostat closes. When an outside sensor is also connected, the supply temperature will depend on the factory default central heating curve.

To set your heat curve you will have to set the following parameters

- 1. Minimum outside design temperature: Function 8
- Design Supply water temperature at the minimum design outside temperature: Function 9
- 3. Maximum outside design temperature: **Function 10**
- 4. Design Supply water temperature at the maximum outside temperature: **Function 11**

NOTICE

It is important to note that the homeowner can adjust the heat curve down by adjusting the central heating temperature to a lower setting.

Boiler Manual

PART 13: START-UP PROCEDURES WITH THE VISION 1 OPTION (CONTINUED)

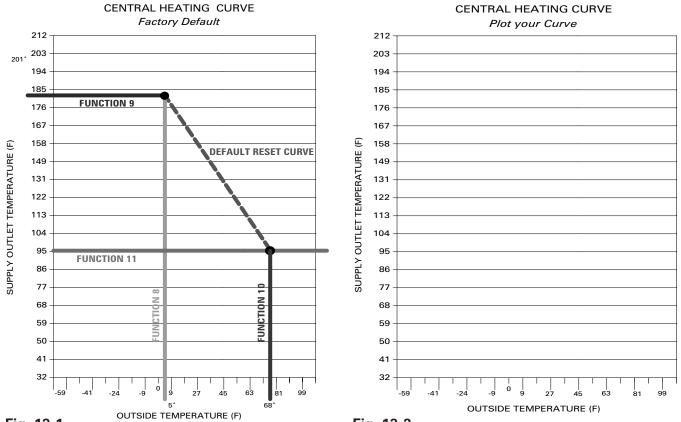


Fig. 13-1

Fig. 13-2

CONTROL PROGRAM REFERENCE CHART						
Function	Default Setting	Programmed Setting				
1	de	No change allowed				
2	149 F	No change allowed				
3	160 F					
4	36 F	No change allowed				
5	7 F					
6	0 minutes					
7	68 F					
8	5 F					
9	180 F					
10	68 F					
11	95 F					
12	68 F					
13	0 minutes					
14	30 minutes					
15	0					
16	0					
17	0					
18	1					
19	180°F					

Fig. 13-3

PART 14: TROUBLESHOOTING

A. MUNCHKIN ERROR CODE

An error code may occur in the installation of the Munchkin. This condition may lead to a lock out condition of the controller, which will need to be manually reset through the S4/Reset button. These temporary codes will help the installer correct the problem before going into a lock out condition, which will require a manual reset.

B. BOILER ERROR

- 1. When an error condition occurs the controller will display an error code on the display module.
- 2. These error codes and several suggested corrective actions are included in Table 14-1.
- 3. In the case of E00, E13, and E14 this error, if uncorrected, will go into a fault condition as described is Paragraph C (Boiler Fault).

C. BOILER FAULT

- 1. When a fault condition occurs the controller will illuminate the red "fault" indication light and display a fault code in the format (Example: **F00**) on the display module.
- 2. Note the fault code and refer to Table 14-2 for an explanation of the fault code along with several suggestions for corrective actions.
- 3. Press the reset key to clear the fault and resume operation. Be sure to observe the operation of the unit to prevent a recurrence of the fault.

Table	14-1	: 925	Control	Board	ERROR	Codes
-------	------	-------	---------	-------	-------	-------

A WARNING

When servicing or replacing any components of this boiler be certain that:

- The gas is off.
- All electrical power is disconnected

DANGER

When servicing or replacing that are in direct contact with the boiler water, be certain that:

• There is no pressure in the boiler. (Pull the release on the relief valve. Do not depend on the pressure gauge reading).

- The boiler water is not hot
- The electrical power is off

A WARNING

Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Improper or dangerous operation may result. Contact a qualified service technician immediately to inspect the boiler and to repair or replace any part of the boiler which has been under water.

A CAUTION

This appliance has wire function labels on all internal wiring. Observe the position of each wire before removing it. Wiring errors may cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A CAUTION

If overheating occurs or the gas supply fails to shut off, do not turn off electrical power to the circulating pump. This may aggravate the problem and increase the likelihood of boiler damage. Instead, shut off the gas supply to the boiler at the gas service valve.

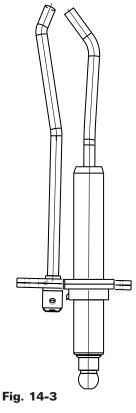
Code	Description	Duration	Corrective Action
E00	High Limit Exceeded	50 Sec.	 Check circulation pump operation. Assure that there is adequate flow through the boiler by accessing the status menu and assuring that there is less than a 50°F rise from the return thermister to the supply thermister. Replace switch if faulty.
E13	Combustion Fan Speed Low.The boil- er combustion air fan speed less than 70% of expected.	60 Sec.	 Check the combustion air fan wiring. Replace the combustion air fan. Replace the control board.
E14	Combustion Fan Speed High. The boiler combustion air fan speed is more than 130% of expected.	60 Sec.	 Check the combustion air fan wiring. Replace the combustion air fan. Replace the control board.
PRO	WaterPressure Switch Open	Until Corrected	 Assure that the system pressure is above 10 psig. Check for leaks in the system piping.
FLU	Blocked Vent Pressure Switch Open	Until Corrected	 Assure that the vent is not blocked Check the switch operation by applying a jumper. (If the switch is not functioning properly, replace it.)

PART 14: TROUBLESHOOTING (CONTINUED)

Table 14-2: 925 Control Board FAULT Codes

Code	Description	Remedy
F00	High Limit Exceeded.	 Check circulation pump operation Assure that there is adequate flow through the boiler by accessing the status menu and assuring that there is less than a 50°F rise from the return thermister to the supply thermister. Check thermister reading on supply thermister. Replace switch if faulty. If this is a new installation, disconnect the two light grey wires from the zone control, and twist the wires together. Depress the S4 reset button. If the fault clears, the problem is outside the boiler If this is an existing installation with glycol in it, check the condition of the water pressure switch. It may be necessary to jump out the water pressure switch (temporarily only, as a trouble shooting aid) The 24 VAC signal, may have grounded through the glycol if the water pressure switch is leaking.
F01	Vent Temperature Limit Exceeded.	Push the red reset button on the switch. Check the flue temperature during operation using a combustion analyzer. Replace the vent limit switch if faulty. Verify the combustion drain if clear and draining properly. Visually inspect the target wall to see if it is intact. If not intact replace target wall.
F02	Interrupted or Shorted Supply (Outlet) Thermister.	 Check the electrical connection to the thermister on the outlet manifold. Verify 5 VDC by checking in Molex connector. Verify thermister values by referencing chart in this manual. Replace thermister if necessary.
F03	Interrupted or Shorted Return (Inlet) Thermister.	 Check the electrical connection to the thermister on the inlet manifold. Verify 5 VDC by checking in Molex connector. Verify thermister values by referencing chart in this manual. Replace thermister if necessary.
F05	Supply (Outlet) Temperature exceeds 230°F.	 Check circulation pump operation. Assure that there is adequate flow through the boiler by accessing the status menu and assuring that there is less than a 50°F rise from the return thermister to the supply thermister.
F06	Return (Inlet) Temperature Exceeded 230°F.	 Check circulation pump operation. Assure that there is adequate flow through the boiler by accessing the status menu and assuring that there is less than a 50°F rise from the return thermister to the supply thermister. Check direction of flow on boiler circulator. (See Piping Details in this manual.)
F09	No flame detected – The boiler will make three attempts at ignition before the control goes into this lockout condition. *See spark electrode detail.	 Watch the igniter through the observation window provided. If there is no spark, check the spark electrode for the proper ¼" gap. Use 2 quarters together as a gauge to hold ignitor against to check gap distance. Remove any corrosion from the spark electrode and flame rectifier probe. If there is a spark but no flame, check the gas supply to the boiler. If there is a flame, check the flame sensor. Check any flue blockage or condensate blocks.
F10	Loss of Flame Signal – The boiler will relight 4 times before the control goes into this lockout condition.	 Monitor the gas pressure to the unit while in operation. Assure that the flame is stable when lit. Check to see if the green light on the display module is out while the boiler is running.
F11	False Flame Signal – The boiler will lock out if it senses a flame signal when there should be none present.	 Turn the gas off to the unit at the service valve. If the flame signal is not present after turning off the gas supply, check the gas valve electrical connection. If the flame signal is not present after turning off the gas supply, check the gas valve electrical connection. If there is no power to the gas valve, remove the valve and check for obstruction in the valve seat or replace the gas valve. Turn the gas on at the service valve after corrective action is taken. Check for condensate back up. Condensate back up can damage the refractory wall, and if the wall falls against the rectifier probe, it may conduct the signal to ground, giving a false reading.
F13	Combustion Fan Speed Low – The boiler will lock out if it senses that the fan speed is less than 70% of expected rate for more than 60 seconds.	 Check the combustion air fan wiring. Check the quality of the 24 VAC signal by measuring from any connected safety to ground. A low voltage situation may cause a "false" error code Replace the combustion air fan. Replace the control board.
F14	Combustion Fan Speed High – The boiler will lock out if the fan speed is more than 130% of expected rate for more than 60 seconds.	 Check the combustion air fan wiring. Replace the combustion air fan. Replace the control board.
F18	Gas Valve Error	 Make sure the connector is correctly connected to the gas valve. Check the electrical wiring from the valve to the control board. Voltage readings will be from 18-22 VDC on the outlet of the gas valve plug from any pin to ground, the connector must remain in contact with the pins. Do n the 399M only, check the 24 VAC relay block. Replace the low voltage wiring harness assembly. Replace control board.
F19	Supply voltage frequency out of range	e. (92-132 VAC 60 Hz)
F30	Watchdog	Call factory for further assistance. Watchdog
F31	Parameter Memory	Call factory for further assistance. Parameter memory error, reprogramming needed
F32	Parameter Memory Write Error	Call factory for further assistance. Parameter memory write error
F33	Programming Error	Call factory for further assistance. Parameter memory error, reprogramming needed
PP	Parameters Programmed	Press S4 reset
Nc	Internal processor error, due to incom	ing voltage problems. (92-132 VAC 60 Hz). May also occur if neutral wire has been broken or damaged.
F	Internal error	

PART 14: TROUBLESHOOTING (CONTINUED)



NOTE: If receiving an F09 fault code, check the gap spacing between points on the electrode by holding two quarters together and sliding them through the gap. There should be a slight resistance.

Res	ista	nce	Tabl	es
	10		10101	00

Outdoor Sensor (7250P-319) Outside Temperature (°F) Resistance (ohms)					
-22	171800				
-13	129800				
-4	98930				
5	76020				
14	58880				
23	45950				
32	36130				
41	28600				
50	22800				
59	18300				
68	14770				
77	12000				
86	9804				
95	8054				
104	6652				
113	5522				

Boiler Sensor (7250P-667)	Indirect Sensor (7250P-325)
Boiler and Indirect Temperature (°F)	Resistance (ohms)
32	32550
41	25340
50	19870
59	15700
68	12490
77	10000
86	8059
95	6535
104	5330
113	4372
122	3605
131	2989
140	2490
149	2084
158	1753
167	1481
176	1256
185	1070
194	915
203	786
212	667

Fig. 14-4

PART 15: MAINTENANCE

A. MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Periodic maintenance should be performed once a year by a qualified service technician to assure that all the equipment is in safe efficient operation. The owner can make necessary arrangements with a qualified heating contractor for periodic maintenance of the heater. Installer must also inform the owner that the lack of proper care and maintenance of the heater may result in a hazardous condition. The installer should discuss the contents of the User's Information Manual with the owner.

A WARNING

BEFORE EACH HEATING SEASON A trained and qualified service technician should perform the inspections as per the boiler inspection and maintenance schedule in the back of manual. Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

The combustion chamber insulation in this product contains ceramic fiber material. Ceramic fibers can be converted to cristobalite in very high temperature applications. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded, "Crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group1).":

- Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.
 - Use NIOSH certified dust respirator (N95). This type of respirator is based on the OSHA requirements for cristobalite at the time this document was written. Other types of respirators may be needed depending on the job site conditions. Current NIOSH recommendations can be found on the NIOSH website at http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/homepage.html. NIOSH approved respirators, manufacturers, and phone numbers are also listed on this website.
 - Wear long-sleeved, loose fitting clothing, gloves, and eye protection.
- Apply enough water to the combustion chamber lining to prevent dust
- Wash potentially contaminated clothes separately from other clothing. Rinse clothes washer thoroughly.

NIOSH stated First Aid.

- Eye: Irrigate immediately
- Breathing: Fresh air.

B. COMBUSTION CHAMBER COIL CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

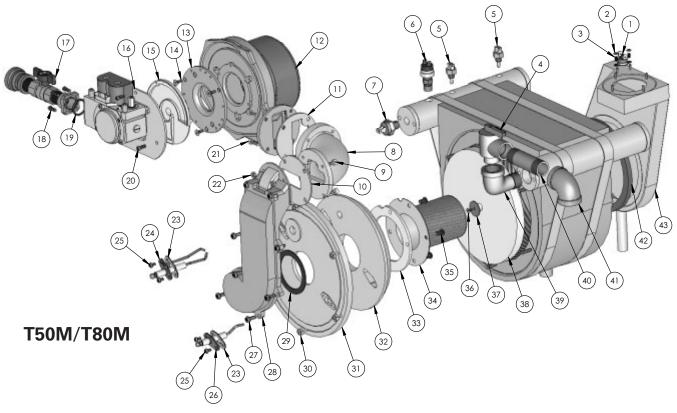
- *Before beginning this procedure, you must have on hand the following items:
 - a nylon, stainless or brass brush (not steel)
 - "Rydlyme" (recommended for best results) (available on line www.rydlyme.com) or "CLR" (available at most hardware stores)
 - Gloves, eye protection
- 1. Shut down the Munchkin Boiler by using the following steps:
 - a. Close the gas valve, shut down the unit and wait for the unit to be cool to the touch
 - b. Disconnect the condensate hose from the **outside** connection, (not from the

Munchkin Boiler side), so the flow can be observed.

- c. Disconnect connections from the gas valve, spark electrode and flame rectification probe and combustion blower.
- d. Remove the (4) screws on the aluminum $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT connector on the gas valve.
- e. Disconnect the wiring connected to the combustion blower motor.
- f. Remove the (6) 10MM nuts from the burner plate assembly to access the coils.
- g. Pull the entire burner plate assembly with blower still attached towards you, while removing or pushing aside any wiring to allow the removal of the assembly.
- 2. Using a spray bottle filled with the recommeded product "RYDLYME" or "CLR", spray liberally on the coils, making sure the solution penetrates and funnels down through the condensate hose. If the condensate hose is blocked, let the chemical penetrate for at least 15 minutes or until it drains.
- 3. Use the nylon, stainless or brass brush (do not use steel) and scrub coils to remove any buildup, then vacuum the debris from the coils. WARN-ING: Follow precautions above
- 4. Spray the coils with clear water, making sure to confine the spray to the area being cleaned (Try to avoid getting the back ceramic wall of the unit wet). Flush the combustion chamber with fresh water. At this point, the Munchkin should be ready to power back up.

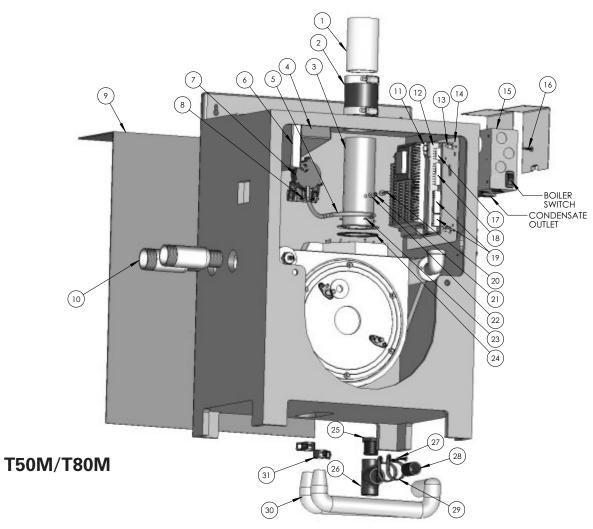
Before powering up the Munchkin Boiler follow the steps below

- a. Re-install the burner assembly
- b. Tighten the (6) 10MM nuts to the burner plate
- c. Re-connect all wiring connections
- Replace the (4) screws on the aluminum ½" NPT connector on the gas valve. Turn the gas back on. (IMPORTANT: CHECK FOR GAS LEAKS)
- f. Re-set thermostats (IMPORTANT: MAKE SURE EXHAUST VENT IS NO LONGER BLOCKED!)
- g. Turn the Munchkin Boiler back on and observe condensate flow.
- h. Re-connect the condensate hose to the outside connection.

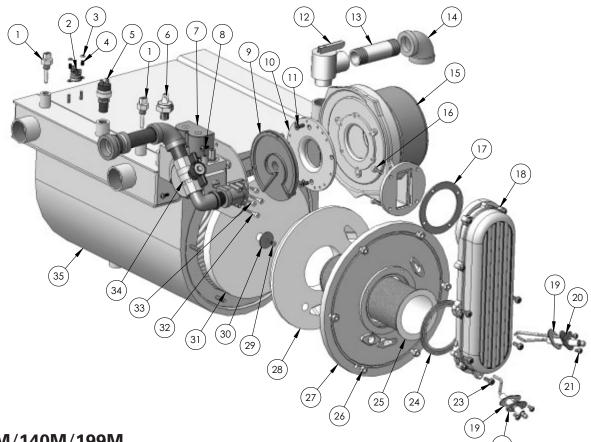


		REPLACEM	ENT P	ARTS	
Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #
1	Thermodisc Flue ECO 210°F	7250P-089	22	Nut M5 (Aluminum Elbow to Air Channel)	7250P-063
2	Steel Push Retainer (Thermodisc Flue ECO)	7250P-151	23	Gasket (Flame Rec./Spark Electrode)	7250P-005
3	PVC Black Tubing 1/8 ID (Thermodisc Flue ECO)	7250P-311	24	Spark Electrode (w/Gasket)	7250P-421 (T50M)
4	Relief Valve	7250P-080			7250P-058 (T80M)
5	Thermistor	7250P-059	25	Screws M4 x 8MM (Probe/Electrode)	7250P-069
6	Water Pressure Switch	7250P-081	26	Flame Rectification Probe (w/Gasket)	7250P-049
7	ECO High Limit Sensor	7250P-019	27	Screws Torx M5 X 22MM (Air Channel to Burner Door)	7250P-206
8	Aluminum Elbow	7250P-445	28	Air Channel	7250P-178
9	Screws M5 X 25MM (Aluminum Elbow to Air Channel)	7250P-061	29	Gasket (Burner Door to Air Channel)	7250P-170
10	Gasket (Aluminum Elbow to Air Channel)	7250P-003	30	Nuts M6 (Burner Door)	7500P-067
11	Gasket (Aluminum Elbow to Combustion Blower)	7250P-144	31	Burner Door	7250P-169
12	Combustion Blower	7250P-085	32	Burner Door Ceramic Refractory	7250P-161
13	Gas Valve Adapter Plate (w/Screws)	7250P-644	33	Gasket (Burner)	7250P-070
14	Screws M5 x 12MM (Gas Valve Adapter Plate)	7250P-484	34	Burner (w/ Gasket)	7250P-216 (T50M)
15	Swirl Plate	7500P-091 (T50M)			7250P-248 (T80M)
		7500P-092 (T80M)	35	Screws (Burner)	7250P-204
16	Dungs Gas Valve	7250P-448 (T50M)	36	Screw M4 x 8MM (Ceramic Target Wall)	7250P-704
		7250P-449 (T80M)	37	Washer M4 (Ceramic Target Wall)	7500P-109
17	Gas Piping Assembly (w/Shut-off Valve, Screws)	N/A	38	Ceramic Target Wall	7250P-160
18	Screws M4 x 12MM (Gas Valve Piping Assy)	7500P-099	39	Brass 90° Street Elbow 3/4 NPT	7250P-212
19	O-Ring (Gas Valve Piping Assy)	7500P-094	40	Brass Nipple 3/4 NPT x 3"	SN1018
20	Screws M4 x 18MM (Gas Valve)	7250P-716 (T50M)	41	Brass 90° Elbow 3/4 NPT	7250P-313
	Screws M4 x 20MM (Gas Valve)	7250P-717 (T80M)	42	Gasket (Top Flue Exhaust to Module)	7250P-428
21	Screw M5 x 20MM (Combustion Blower)	7250P-060	43	Top Flue Exhaust	7250P-394

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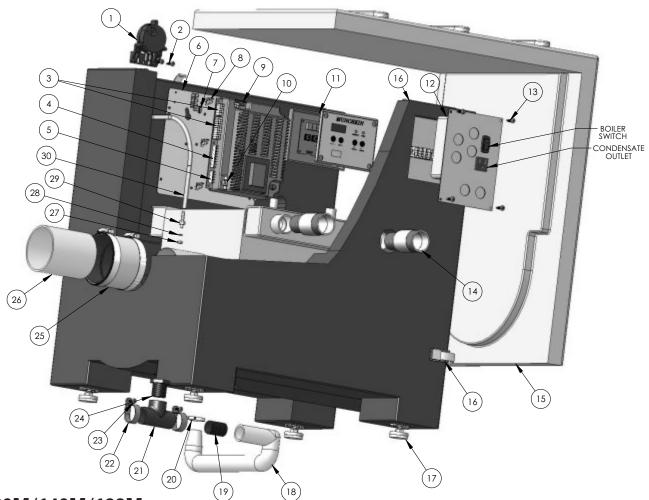
	REPLACEMENT PARTS								
Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #				
1	Exhaust Vent Pipe - 2" PVC	N/A	17	5 Pin Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-696				
2	Pipe Coupling	F3001	18	9 Pin Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-697				
3	Exhaust Manifold Tube	7250P-444	19	Low Voltage Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-700				
4	Air Inlet Baffle	7250P-145	20	Hose Barb 1/4 x 10-32 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-154				
5	Plastic Tubing 3/16" ID (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7000P-805	21	O-Ring 007 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-152				
6	Control Board Display (w/Ribbon Cable)	7250P-091	22	S.S. Hex Nut 10-32 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-153				
7	Blocked Vent Pressure Switch	7250P-150	23	S.S. Hex Nuts	7250P-559				
8	Screws #8 x 1/2" (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-133	24	Gasket (Top Flue Exhaust Pipe)	7250P-427				
9	Cover	N/A	25	Poly Plug 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assy)	7250P-647				
10	Brass Nipple 1 x 1-1/4 x 4-5/8"	7250P-008	26	PVC Tee Sch. 40 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assy)	7250P-646				
11	Fuse (Control Board)	7250P-378	27	Screw #8 x 1/2" (Condensate Assy)	7250P-133				
12	Control Board (w/Fuse)	7350P-008	28	PVC Nipple Sch. 80 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assy)	7250P-648				
13	Control Board Hold Down Clips	7250P-352	29	Cable Clamp (Condensate Assy)	7250P-649				
14	Control Board Mounting Panel (w/Screws)	7250P-651	30	Condensate Hose Assy	7250P-460				
15	Electrical Box (w/Screws, Covers)	7250P-114	31	Hose Clamp (Condensate Assy)	7250P-215				
16	Screws #8 x 1/2" (Electrical Box)	7250P-133							



80M/140M/199M

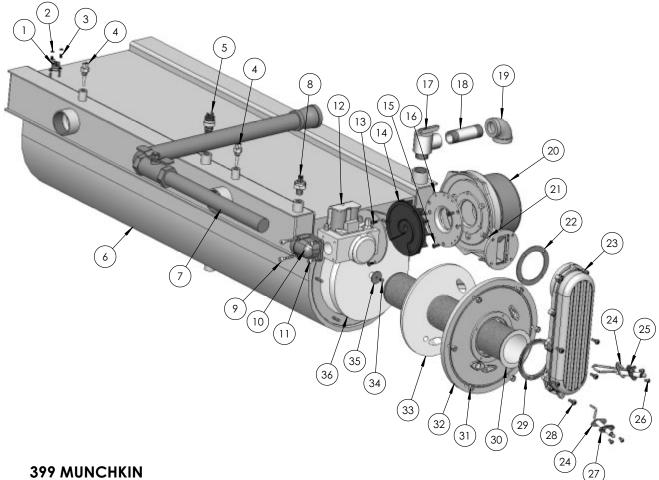
		REPLAC	EMENT	PARTS	
Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #
1	Thermistor	7250P-667	18	Air/Gas Channel	7250P-685 (80M)
2	Thermodisc Flue ECO 210°F	7250P-089			7250P-687 (140M/199M)
3	Steel Push Retainer (Thermodisc Flue ECO)	7250P-151	19	Gasket (Flame Rec./Spark Electrode)	7250P-005
4	PVC Black Tubing 1/8 ID (Thermodisc Flue ECO)	7250P-311	20	Spark Electrode (w/Gasket)	7350P-020
5	Water Pressure Switch	7250P-096	21	Screws M4 x 8MM (Probe/Electrode)	7250P-069
6	Eco/High Limit Sensor	7250P-019	22	Flame Rectification Probe (w/Gasket)	7500P-039
7	Dungs Gas Valve	7250P-450 (80M)	23	Screws Torx M5 x 22M (Air/Gas Channel to Burner Door)	7250P-206
		7250P-451 (140M)	24	Gasket (Air/Gas Channel to Burner)	7500P-074
		7250P-452 (199M)	25	NIT Burner	7500P-016 (80M)
8	Screws M4 x 20MM (Gas Valve)	7250P-717 (80M)			7250P-102 (140M)
	Screws M4 x 25 MM (Gas Valve)	7250P-718 (140M/199M)			7250P-117 (199M)
9	Swirl Plate	7500P-092 (80M)	26	Nut M6 (Burner Door)	7500P-067
		7500P-093 (140M/199M)	27	Burner Door	7250P-684
10	Gas Valve Adapter Plate (w/Screws)	7250P-644	28	Burner Door Ceramic Refractory	7250P-702
11	Screws M5 x 12MM (Gas Valve Adapter Plate)	7500P-105	29	Screw M4 x 8MM (Ceramic Target Wall)	7250P-704
12	Relief Valve	7250P-080	30	Washer M4 (Ceramic Target Wall)	7500P-109
13	Brass Nipple 3/4 NPT x 3"	SN1018	31	Ceramic Target Wall	7250P-160
14	Brass 90° Elbow - 3/4 NPT	7250P-313	32	Screws M4 x 30MM Allen Head (Gas Piping Assy)	N/A
15	Combustion Blower (w/Gasket)	7250P-085 (80M)	33	Screws M4 x 12MM Allen Head (Gas Piping Assy)	N/A
		7250P-086 (140M)	34	Gas Piping Assembly (w/Shut-off Valve, Screws)	7250P-705
		7250P-087 (199M)	35	Welded Module	7250P-298 (80M)
16	Screws M5 x 14MM (Combustion Blower)	7250P-478			7250P-299 (140M)
17	Gasket (Air/Gas Channel to Combustion Blower)	7500P-075			7250P-300 (199M)

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80M/140M/199M

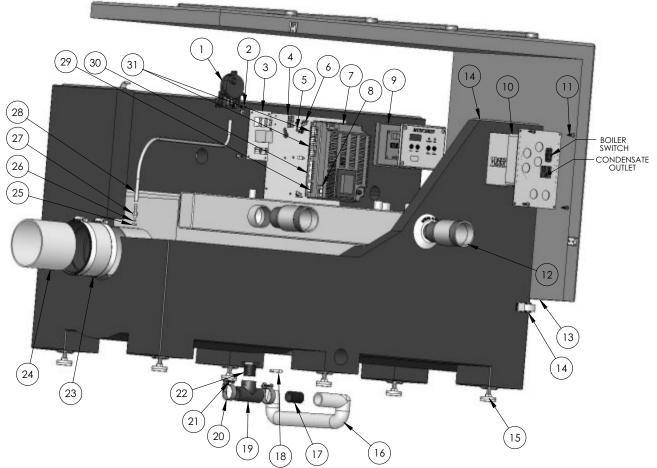
		REPLACEN	NENT	PARTS	
Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #
1	Blocked Vent Pressure Switch	7250P-150	16	Cabinet Latch and Gasket Kit (w/Screws)	7250P-671
2	Screws #8 x 1/2" (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-133	17	Leveling Foot	7250P-673
3	Low Voltage Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-700	18	Condensate Hose Assy	7250P-724
4	9 Pin Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-697	19	PVC Nipple Sch. 80 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assy)	7250P-648
5	5 Pin Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-696	20	Hose Clamp (Condensate Assy)	7250P-210
6	Control Board Mounting Panel (w/Screws)	7250P-651	21	PVC Tee Sch. 40 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assy)	7250P-646
7	Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2" (Control Board Mounting Panel)	7250P-184	22	Cable Clamp (Condensate Assy)	7250P-649
8	Control Board Hold Down Clips	7250P-352	23	Screw #8 x 1/2 Self Tapping (Condensate Assy)	7250P-133
9	Control Board (w/Fuse)	7350P-008	24	Poly Plug 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assy)	7250P-647
10	Fuse (Control Board)	7250P-378	25	Band Clamp (Exhaust Assy)	CA2000
11	Control Board Display (w/Ribbon Cable)	7250P-091	26	PVC Pipe Sch. 40 3" (Exhaust Assy)	7250P-242
12	Electrical Box (w/Screws)	7250P-707	27	S.S. Hex Nut 10-32 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-153
13	Screws #8 x 1/2" Self Tapping (Electrical Box)	7250P-133	28	O-Ring 007 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-152
14	Brass Nipple 1 x 1-1/4 x 3-3/4"	7250P-221	29	Hose Barb 1/4 x 10-32 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-154
15	Cabinet Cover	7250P-235 (80M)	30	Plastic Tubing 3/16" ID (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch	7000P-805
		7250P-231 (140M/199M)			



399 MUNCHKIN

		REPLA	CEM	ENT PARTS	
Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #
1	Thermodisc Flue ECO 210°F	7250P-089	19	Brass 90° Elbow - 3/4" NPT	7250P-313
2	Steel Push Retainer (Thermodisc Flue ECO)	7250P-151	20	Combustion Blower (w/Gasket)	7250P-518
3	PVC Black Tubing 1/8 ID (Thermodisc Flue ECO)	7250P-311	21	Screws M5 x 12MM (Combustion Blower)	7250P-478
4	Thermistor	7250P-667	22	Gasket (Air/Gas Channel to Combustion Blower)	7500P-075
5	Water Pressure Switch	7250P-096	23	Air/Gas Channel	7250P-687
6	Welded Module	7250P-623	24	Gasket (Flame Rec./Spark Electrode)	7250P-005
7	Gas Valve Piping Assembly	7250P-706	25	Spark Electrode (w/Gasket)	7350P-020
8	Eco/High Limit Sensor	7250P-019	26	Screws M4 x 8MM (Probe/Electrode)	7250P-069
9	Screws M5 x 30MM Allen Head	N/A	27	Flame Rectification Probe (w/Gasket)	7250P-049
10	Right Angle Connector	7250P-723	28	Screws Torx M5 x 22MM (Air/Gas Channel to Burner Door)	7250P-206
11	Screws M5 x 12MM Allen Head	N/A	29	Gasket (Air/Gas Channel to Burner)	7500P-074
12	Dungs Gas Valve Assembly	7250P-710	30	NIT Burner	7250P-703
13	Screws M4 x 30MM Round Head (Gas Valve)	7250P-670	31	Nuts M6 (Burner Door)	7500P-067
14	Swirl Plate - Blk	7250P-712	32	Burner Door	7250P-684
15	Screws M5 x 12MM Flat Head (Adapter Plate)	7500P-105	33	Burner Door Ceramic Refractory	7250P-702
16	Gas Valve Adapter Plate	7250P-711	34	Screw M4 x 8MM (Ceramic Target Wall)	7250P-704
17	Relief Valve	7250P-080	35	Washer M4 (Ceramic Target Wall)	7500P-109
18	Brass Nipple - 3/4 NPT x 3"	SN1018	36	Ceramic Target Wall	7250P-160

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Item #	Description	Part #	Item #	Description	Part #
1	Blocked Vent Pressure Switch	7250P-150	17	PVC Nipple Sch. 80 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assembly)	7250P-648
2	Screws #8 x 1/2" Self Tapping (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-133	18	Hose Clamp (Condensate Assembly)	7250P-210
3	Relay Board	7250P-580	19	PVC Tee Sch. 30 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assembly)	7250P-646
4	Control Board Mounting Panel (w/Screws)	7250P-651	20	Cable Clamp (Condensate Assembly)	7250P-649
5	Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2" (Control Board Mounting Panel)	7250P-184	21	Screw #8 x 1/2" Self Tapping (Condensate Assembly)	7250P-133
6	Control Board Hold Down Clips	7250P-352	22	Poly Plug 3/4 NPT (Condensate Assembly)	7250P-647
7	Control Board (w/Fuse)	7350P-008	23	Band Clamp (Exhaust Assembly)	7250P-549
8	Fuse (Control Board)	7250P-378	24	PVC Pipe Sch. 40 4" (Exhaust Assembly)	7250P-524
9	Control Board Display (w/Ribbon Cable)	7250P-091	25	S.S. Hex Nut 10-32 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-153
10	Electrical Box (w/Screws)	7250P-707	26	O-Ring 007 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-152
11	Screws #8 x 1/2" Self Tapping (Electrical Box)	7250P-133	27	S.S. Hose Barb 1/4 x 10-32 (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7250P-154
12	Brass Nipple 1-1/2 x 2 x 3-3/4"	7250P-514	28	Plastic Tubing 3/16" ID (Blocked Vent Pressure Switch)	7000P-805
13	Cabinet Cover	7250P-501	29	5 Pin Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-696
14	Cabinet Latch and Gasket Kit (w/Screws)	7250P-671	30	9 Pin Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-697
15	Leveling Foot	7250P-673	31	Low Voltage Wiring Harness (location)	7250P-699
16	Condensate Hose Assy	7250P-724			

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Light Uff Activities		uate completed			
1) Fill the heating system	Check all piping and gas connections, verify they are all tight				
	Pressurize System (12-15 PSI)	LSI			
	Add Water to prime condensate hose				
	What percentage of propylene glycol is installed in the system (0-50%)	%			
	Verify near heater piping is properly supported				
2) Check Gas Pipe	Leak test using locally approved methods (consult jurisdictional code book)				
	Check incoming gas pressure (3.5" to 14" W.C.)	in w.c.	Static		
	What is the "drop" on light off (No more than 1" W.C.)	in w.c.	Dynamic		
3) Check Combustion	Check and adjust (if necessary) carbon dioxide content	% CO2	High Fire	%CO2	Low Fire
	Check and adjust (if necessary) carbon monoxide content	ppm CO	High Fire	ppm CO	Low Fire
4) Verify System Operation	Turn up thermostat to verify wiring connections				
5) Record Ionization Current	Check μA reading at d7 on the status menu (see start-up section)	Чη	High Fire	Ч —	Low Fire
6) Record System Settings	Record heating curve (with optional Vision One kit, record steps)	*	6*	*10	*11
7) Indirect water heater	Verify safety and operation of the Super-Stor Indirect water heater, record setttings	de 	dh		
8) Convert the boiler	If necessary convert the heater to the proper type of gas (always use proper kit)				
	Locate the stickers in the appropriate locations on the heater				
	Verify Combustion settings after gas conversion, Carbon Dioxide	% CO2	High Fire	% CO2	Low Fire
	Verify Combustion settings after gas conversion, Carbon Monoxide	ppm CO	High Fire	ppm CO	Low Fire
	Mail in the conversion registration				
Notes:					

MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

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Inspection Activities			Date last	Date last completed	
Piping		1st Year 21	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year*
Near Heater Piping	Check heater and system piping for any sign of leakage, verify proper support				
Vent	Check condition of all vent pipe and joints				
Gas	Check gas piping, test for gas leaks and signs of aging, make sure all pipes are supported properly.				
System					
Visual	Do a full visual inspection of all system components				
Functional	Test all functions of the system (Heat, DHW, Safeties)				
Temperatures	Verify safe settings on Super-Stor indirect fired water heater or Anti-Scald Valve (see part 12 for realted safety warnings)				
Temperatures	Verify temperature settings programmed into the heating curve (See Part 13)				
Electrical					
Connections	Check wire connections, make sure they are tight				
Circuit breakers	Check to see that the circuit breaker is clearly labeled, exercise circuit breaker				
Switch and Plug	Verify ON/OFF switch and convenience plug are both functional				
Smoke and CO detector	Verify devices are installed and working properly, change batteries if necessary				
Chamber and Burner					
Combustion Chamber	Vacuum Combustion Chamber if Necessary				
Combustion Chamber	Check burner tube, and combustion chamber coils, clean according to maintenance section of manual				
Spark Electrode	Clean with scoth brite , Set gap at 1/4" (see Fig 14-2 Part 14 in Troubleshooting section)				
Flame Probe	Clean with scoth brite , Check ionization in µA (d7 on status menu in Start-up Procedures) record high fire (3.8 to 4.2) and low fire (3.0 to 3.4)				

* NOTE : CONTINUE MAINTENANCE BEYOND THE 4TH YEAR IS REQUIRED ON A YEARLY BASIS.

MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

Boiler Manual

Inspection Activities			Date last completed	completed	
Condensate		1st Year	2 Year	3 Year	4 Year*
Condensate Neutralizer	Check condensate neutralizer, replace if necessary				
Condensate Hose	Disconnect condensate hose, clean out dirt, fill with water to level of outlet and re-install (Note: you must verify the flow of condensate, making sure that the hose is connected properly during final inspection.)				
Gas					
Pressure	Measure incoming gas pressure (from 3.5" to 14" W.C.)				
Pressure Drop	Measure drop in pressure on light off (no more than 1" W.C.)				
Check gas pipe for leaks	Check piping for leaks, and verify they are all properly supported				
Combustion					
Check CO/CO2 Levels	Check levels of CO and CO2 in Exhaust (See start up section 12 fig 12-1 for ranges) record at high and low fire				
Safeties					
ECO (Energy Cut Out)	Check continuity on Flue and Water ECO, replace if corroded				
Water Pressure Switch	Check operation , check for signs of leakage, replace if corroded				
Thermistors	Check wiring, verify through ohms reading (see chart part 14 Fig. 14-3)				
Final Inspection					
Check List	Verify that you have completed the entire check list WARNING: FAILURE TO DO SO COULD RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.				
Homeowner	Review, with the homeowner what you have done				

* NOTE : CONTINUE MAINTENANCE BEYOND THE 4TH YEAR IS REQUIRED ON A YEARLY BASIS.

MUNCHKIN GAS-FIRED BOILER

BOILER INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE (CONTINUED)

Boiler Manual

ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the installer or service agent shall be a plumber or gas fitter licensed by the Commonwealth.

When installed in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or where applicable state codes may apply; the unit shall be installed with a CO detector per the requirements listed below.

5.08: Modifications to NFPA-54, Chapter 10

(1) Revise NFPA-54 section 10.5.4.2 by adding a second exception as follows:

Existing chimneys shall be permitted to have their use continued when a gas conversion burner is installed, and shall be equipped with a manually reset device that will automatically shut off the gas to the burner in the event of a sustained back-draft.

(2) Revise 10.8.3 by adding the following additional requirements:

(a) For all side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in every dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes, including those owned or operated by the Commonwealth and where the side wall exhaust vent termination is less than seven (7) feet above finished grade in the area of the venting, including but not limited to decks and porches, the following requirements shall be satisfied:

1. INSTALLATION OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. At the time of installation of the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm and battery back-up is installed on the floor level where the gas equipment is to be installed. In addition, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a battery operated or hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm is installed on each additional level of the dwelling, building or structure served by the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to secure the service of qualified licensed professionals for the installation of hard wired carbon monoxide detectors

a. In the event that the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment is installed in a crawl space or an attic, the hard wired carbon monoxide detector with alarm and battery back-up may be installed on the next adjacent floor level.

b. In the event that the requirements of this subdivision cannot be met at the time of completion of installation, the owner shall have a period of thirty (30) days to comply with the above requirements; provided, however, that during said thirty (30) day period, a battery operated carbon monoxide detector with an alarm shall be installed.

2. APPROVED CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. Each carbon monoxide detector as required in accordance with the above provisions shall comply with NFPA 720 and be ANSI/UL 2034 listed and IAS certified.

3. SIGNAGE. A metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight (8) feet above grade directly in line with the exhaust vent terminal for the horizontally vented gas fueled heating appliance or equipment. The sign shall read, in print size no less than one-half (1/2) inch in size, "GAS VENT DIRECTLY BELOW, KEEP CLEAR OF ALL OBSTRUCTIONS".

4. INSPECTION. The state or local gas inspector of the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment shall not approve the installation unless, upon inspection, the inspector observes carbon monoxide detectors and signage installed in accordance with the provisions of 248 CMR 5.08 (2)(a) 1 through 4.

(b) EXEMPTIONS: the following equipment is exempt from 248 CMR 5.08 (2)(a) 1 through 4:

1. The equipment listed in Chapter 10 entitled "Equipment Not Required to be Vented" in the most current edition of NFPA 54 as adopted by the Board; and

2. Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in a room or structure separate from the dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes.

(c) MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS – GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas equipment provides a venting system design or venting system components with the equipment, the instructions provided by the manufacturer for installation of the equipment and the venting system shall include:

1. Detailed instructions for the installation of the venting system design or the venting system components; and

2. A complete parts list for the venting system design or venting system.

(d) MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS – GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM NOT PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of a Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment does not provide the parts for venting the flue gases, but identifies "special venting systems", the following requirements shall be satisfied by the manufacturer:

1. The referenced "special venting system" instructions shall be included with the appliance or equipment installation instructions; and

2. The "special venting systems" shall be Product Approved by the Board, and the instructions for that system shall include a parts list and detailed installation instructions.

(e) A copy of all installation instructions for all Product Approval side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment, all venting instructions, all parts lists for venting instructions, and/or all venting design instructions shall remain with the appliance or equipment at the completion of the installation.

MAINTENANCE NOTES

MAINTENANCE NOTES

